



Karsten Rinke

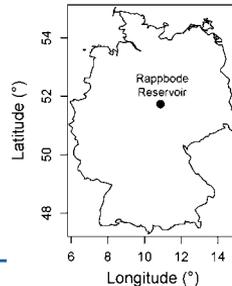
**Lake monitoring at various temporal and spatial scales and benefits for process understanding, modelling & predictions**

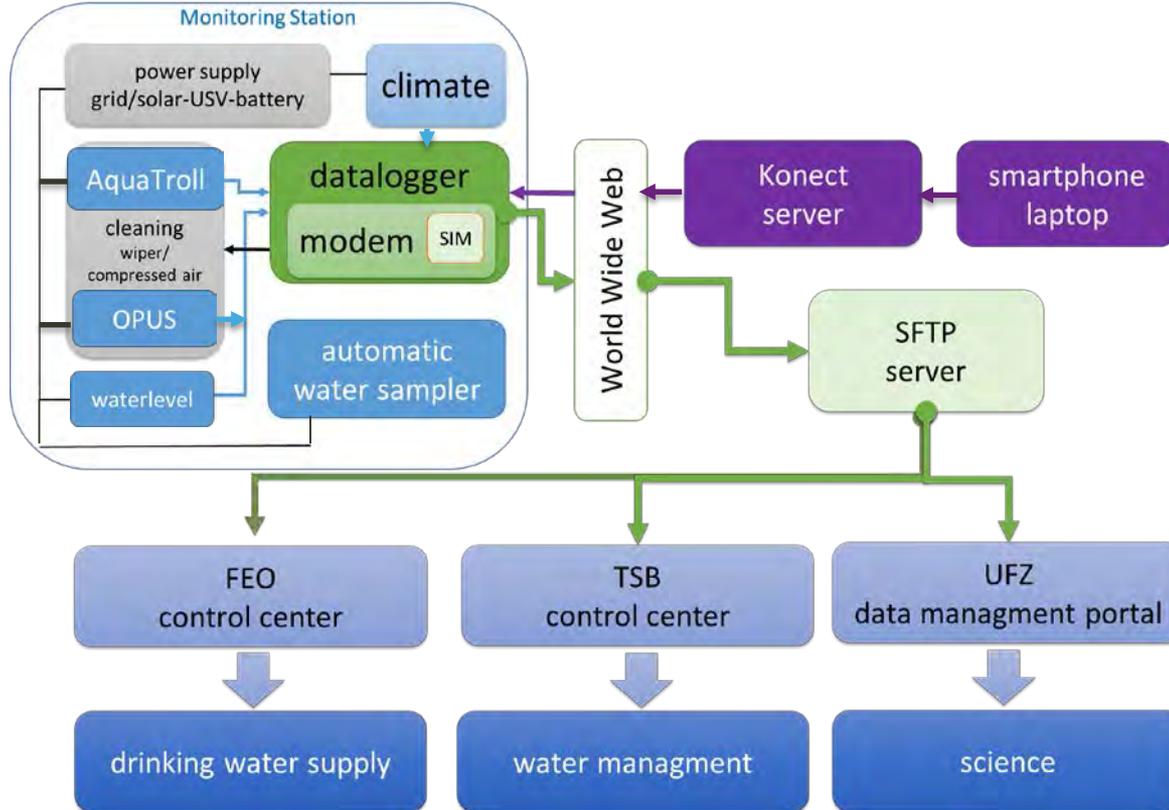


## Rappbode Reservoir Observatory

- Real-time monitoring of water quality
- Infrastructure and data sharing with stakeholders (Reservoir authority & Drinking water company)
- Investment of >100T€ into renewal of monitoring hardware by stakeholders
- Co-development of new monitoring products with companies

- Germany's largest drinking water reservoir
- Drinking water for over 1 Mio people
- Max. volume: 113 Mio m<sup>3</sup>
- Surface area: 395 ha
- Max. depth: 89 m





# Rappbode Reservoir Observatory (RRO) - sites

## Continuously measured parameters

### Inflow stations

OPUS-probe: SAC, NO<sub>3</sub>, TSS

Aquatroll-probe: T, EC, turbidity

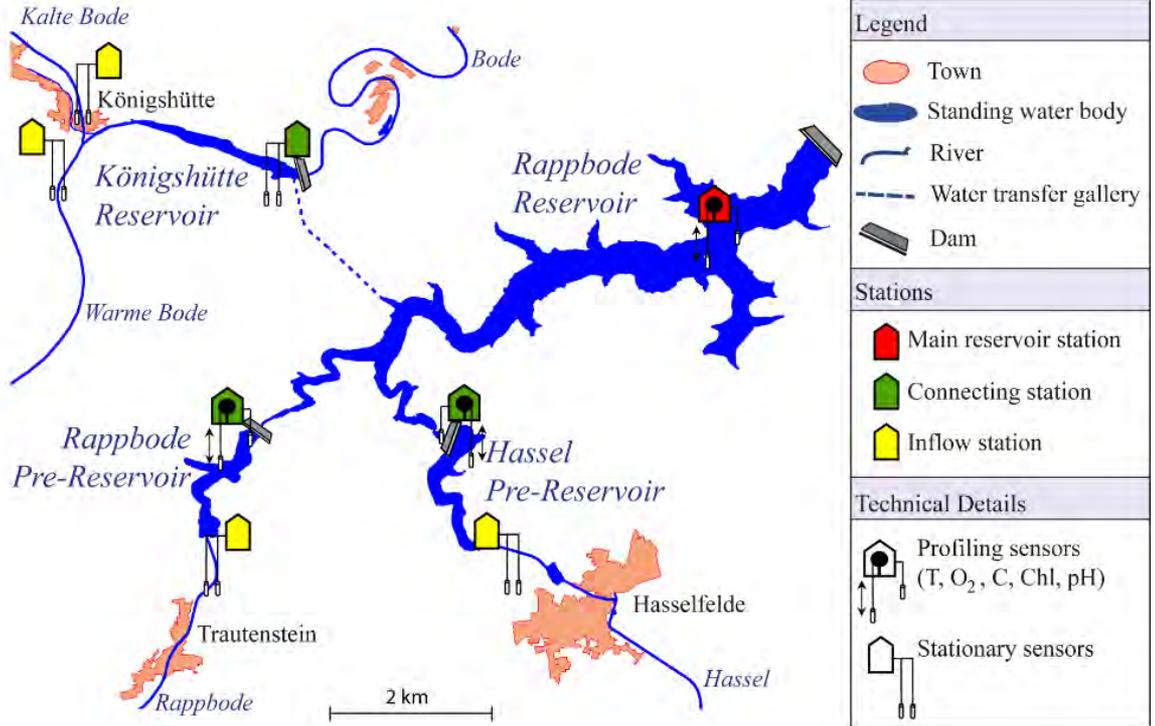
### Connecting stations

OPUS-probe: SAC, NO<sub>3</sub>, TSS

Aquatroll-probe: T, pH, EC, O<sub>2</sub> (Optode),  
turbidity / Chl-a, BGA

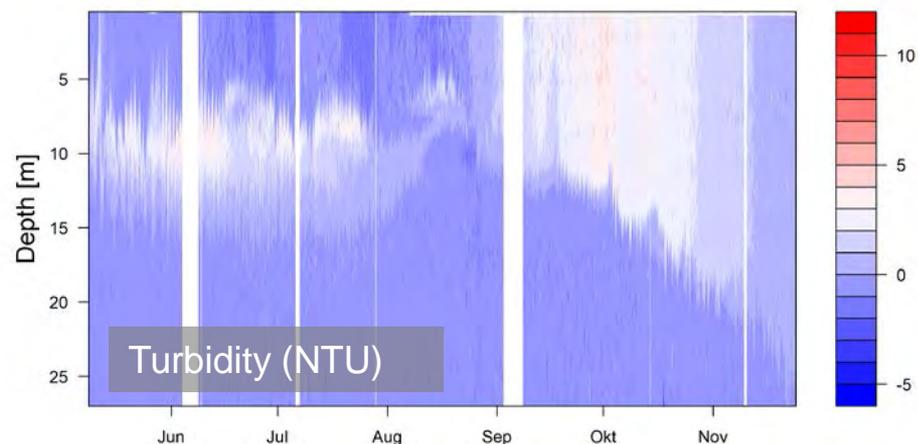
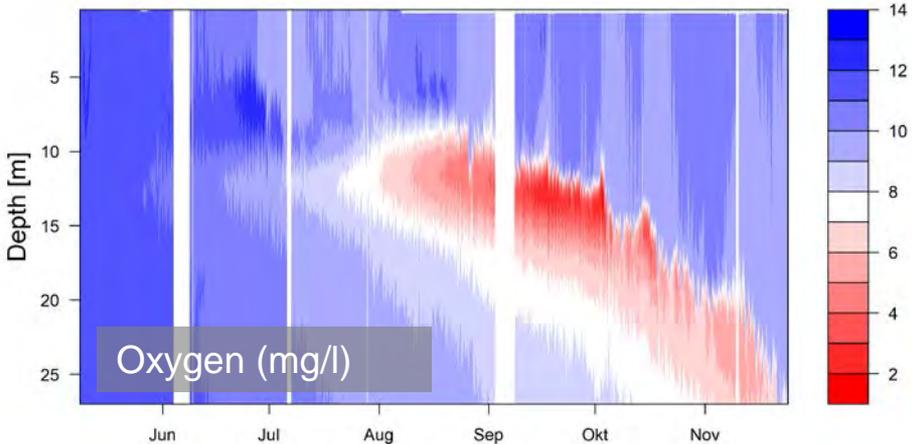
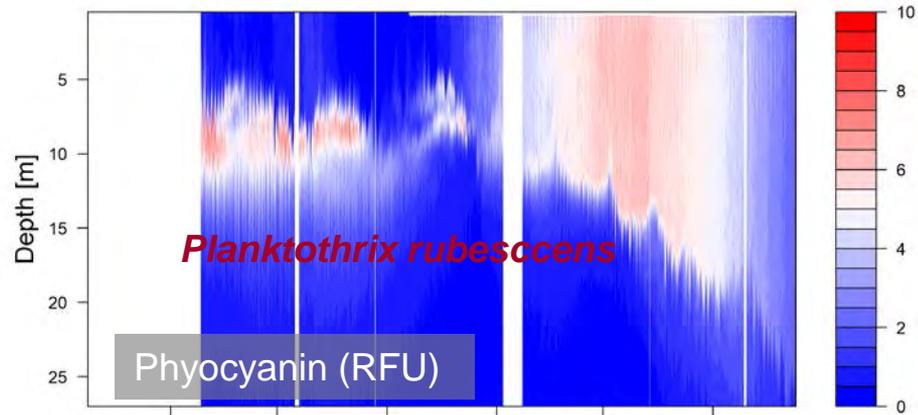
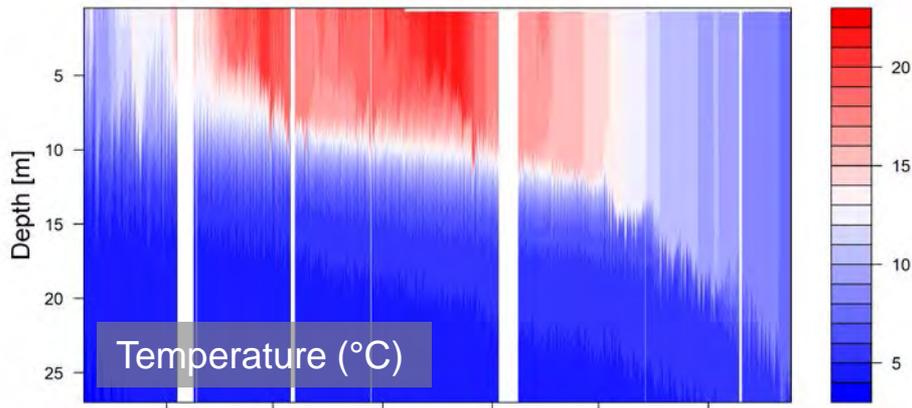
### Main reservoir:

Profiling system for T, EC, O<sub>2</sub>, pH,  
turbidity, Chl-a, BGA



# Monitoring technologies



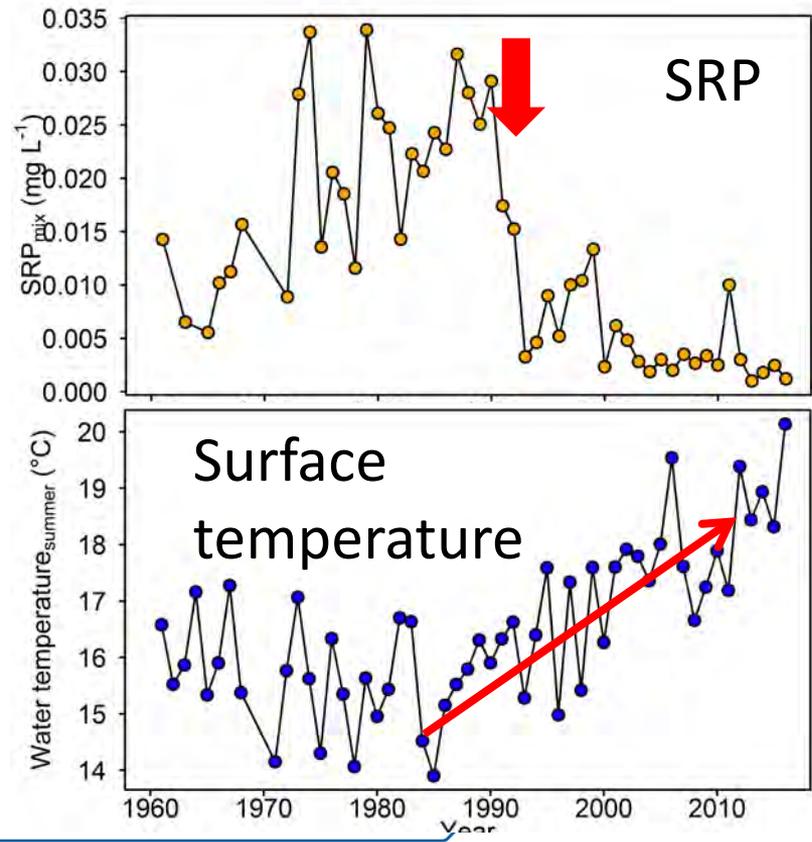
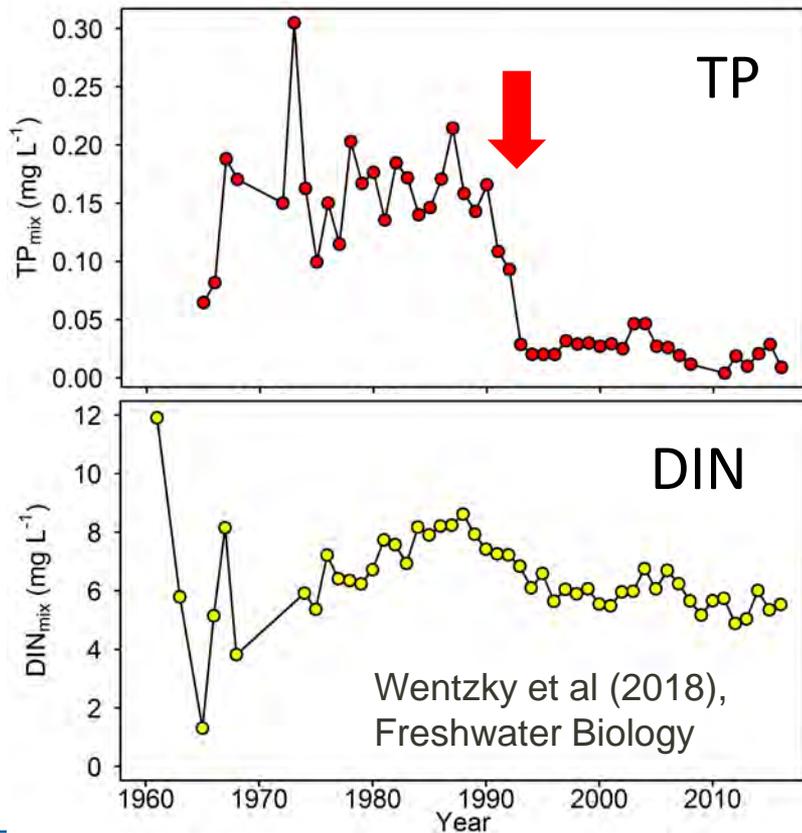


Parameter-group	Parameter	Method
<b>Carbon</b>	DIC, DOC	C-Analyzer
	POC	CN-Analyzer (solid)
<b>Nitrogen</b>	DN, NO <sub>3</sub> , NH <sub>4</sub>	CF-Photometry
	PN	CN-Analyzer (solid)
<b>Phosphor</b>	DP, SRP	CF-Photometry
	TP	Photometry (DIN)
<b>Silica</b>	Si	CF-Photometry
<b>Cations / Metals</b>	Na, K, Ca, Mg, Fe, Mn	ICP-OES
<b>Anions</b>	Cl, SO <sub>4</sub>	IC
<b>Alkalinity</b>	KS 4.3 / KB 8.2	Titration

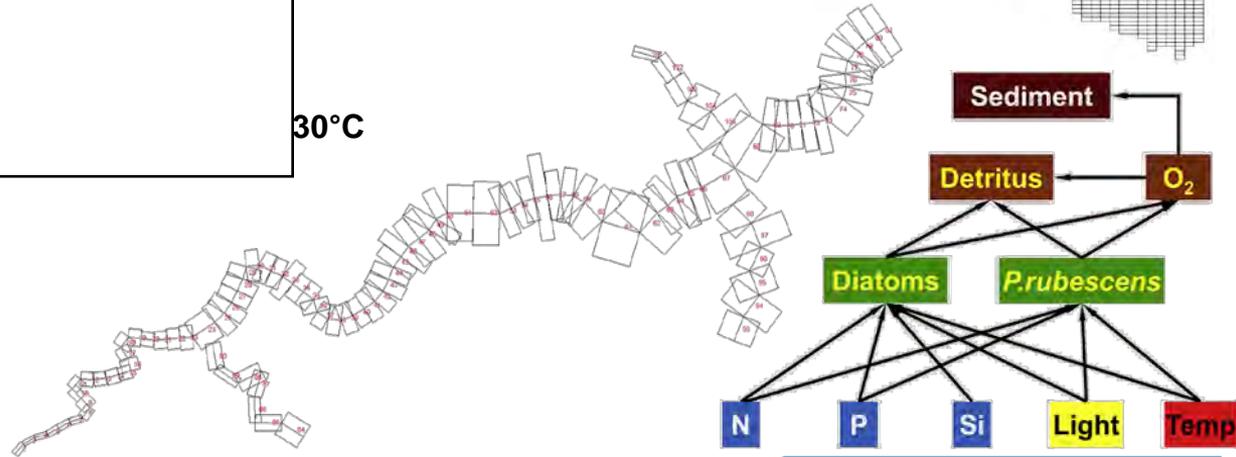
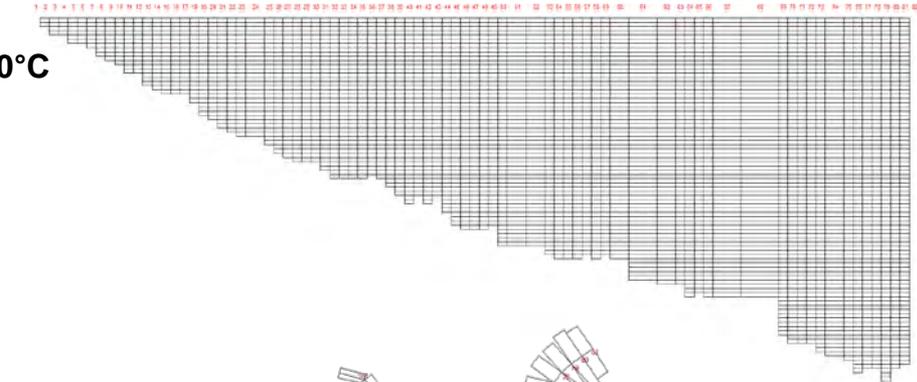
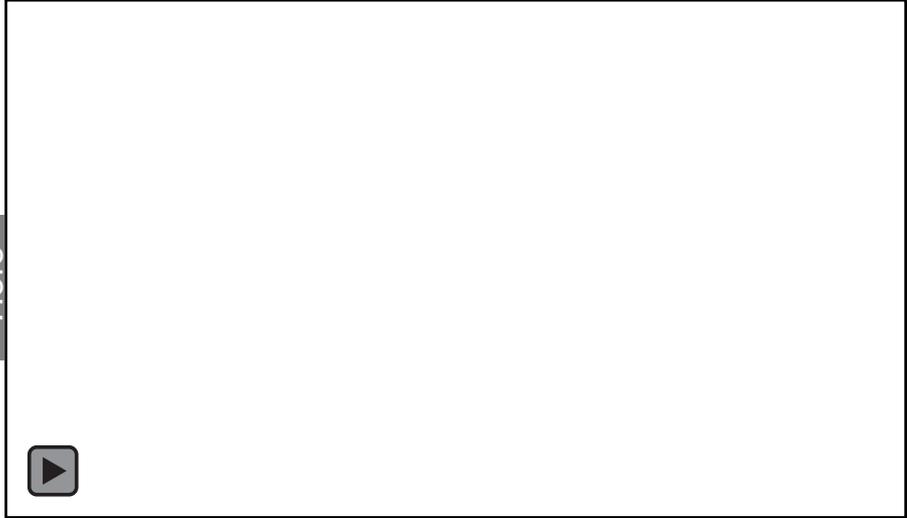
Bi-weekly water sampling of 7 RRO  
– stations

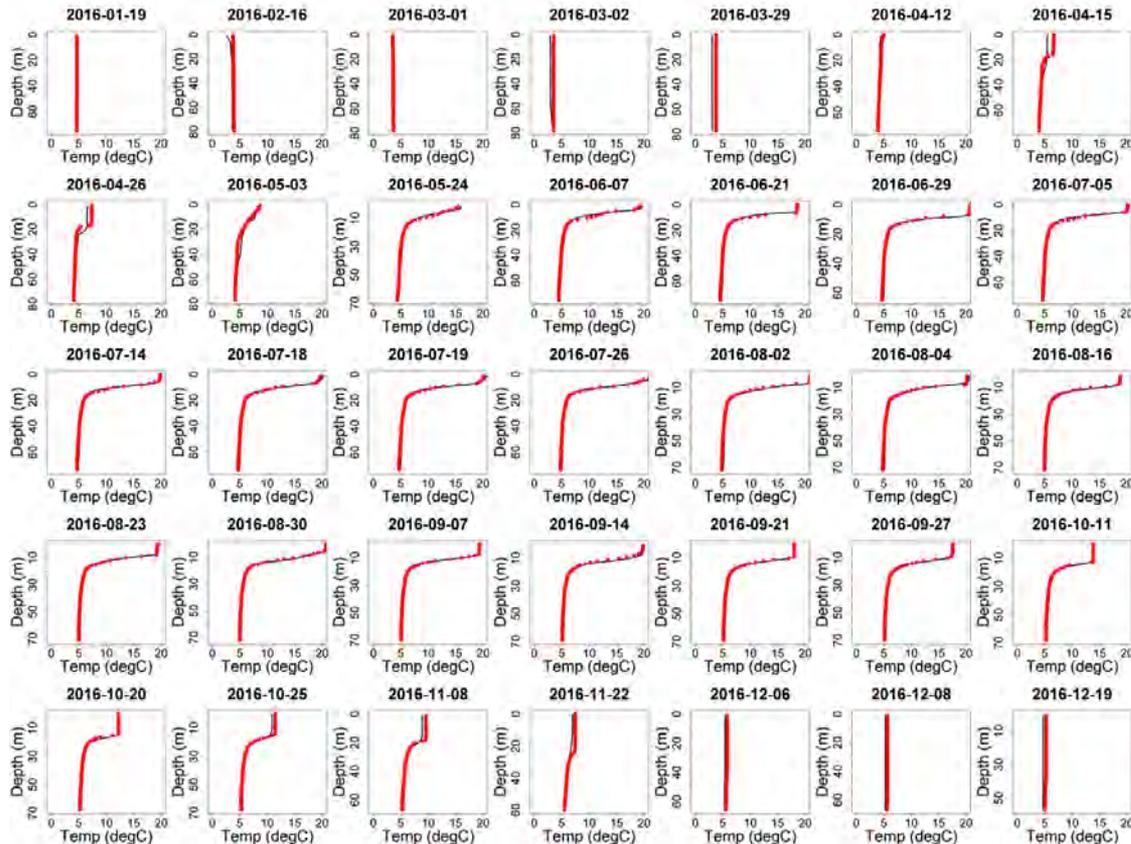
since 2011





Tiefe





Science of the Total Environment 748 (2020) 141366

Contents lists available at ScienceDirect



Science of the Total Environment

journal homepage: [www.elsevier.com/locate/scitotenv](http://www.elsevier.com/locate/scitotenv)



Ensemble warming projections in Germany's largest drinking water reservoir and potential adaptation strategies

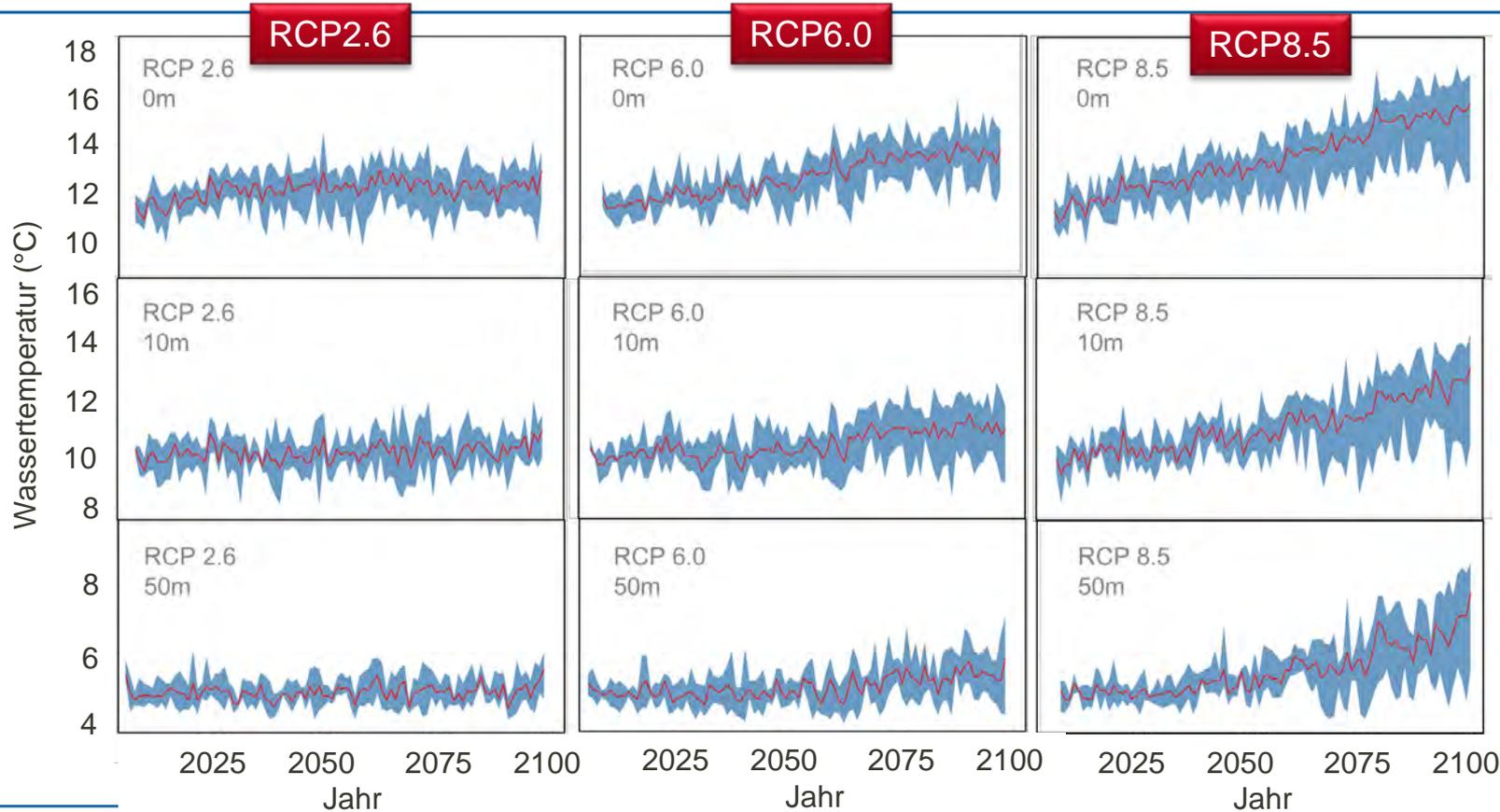
Chenxi Mi<sup>a,b,\*</sup>, Tom Shatwell<sup>a</sup>, Jun Ma<sup>c</sup>, Yaqian Xu<sup>c</sup>, Fangli Su<sup>b</sup>, Karsten Rinke<sup>a</sup>

<sup>a</sup> Helmholtz Centre for Environmental Research, Department of Lake Research, Magdeburg, Germany

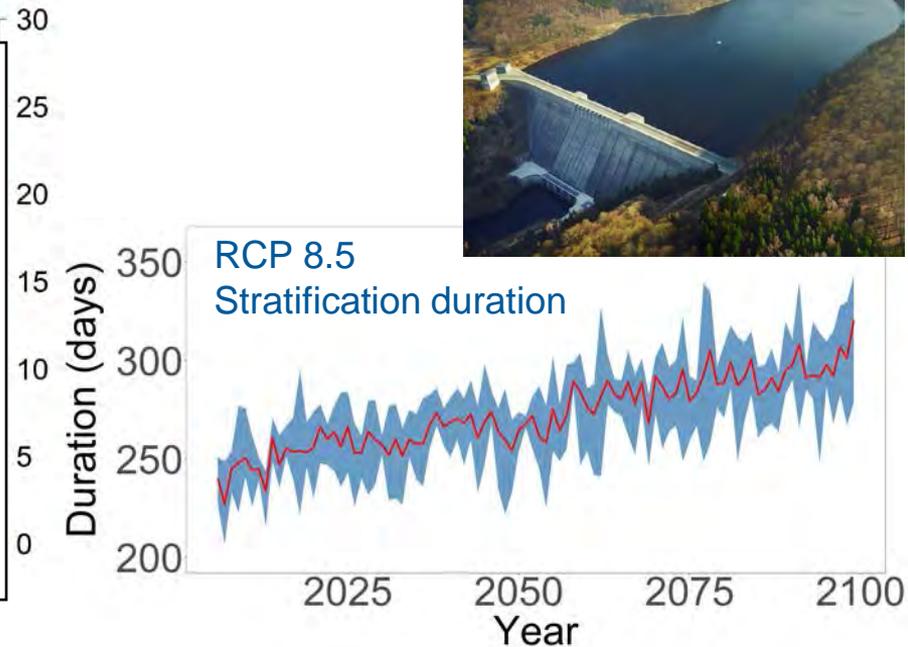
<sup>b</sup> College of Water Conservancy, Shenyang Agricultural University, Shenyang, China

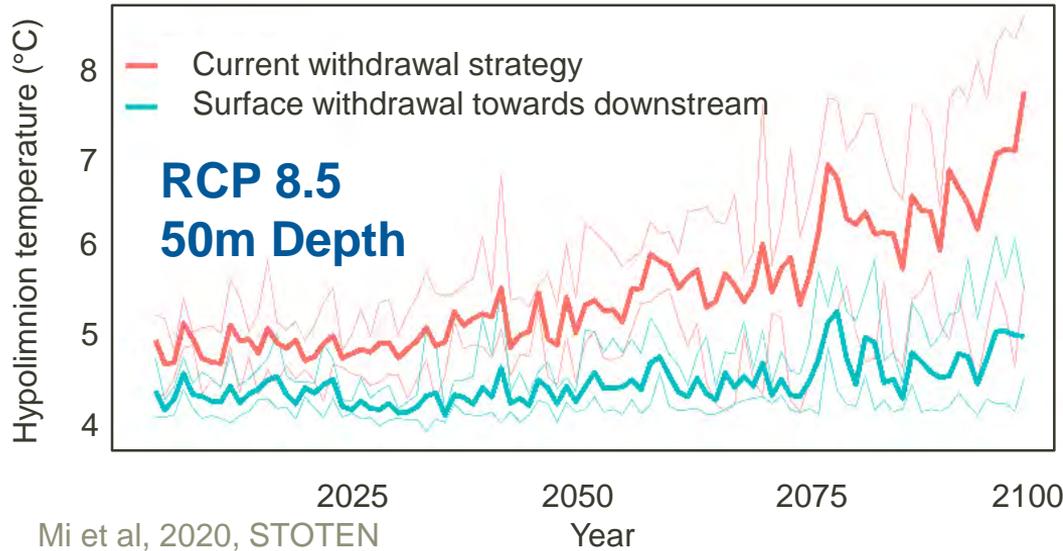
<sup>c</sup> Hubei Key Laboratory of Ecological Restoration of River-Lakes and Algal Utilization, Hubei University of Technology, Wuhan, China

RMSE = 0.61 °C  
R<sup>2</sup> = 0.98  
Bias = +0.09 K



## Development from 2000 to 2100



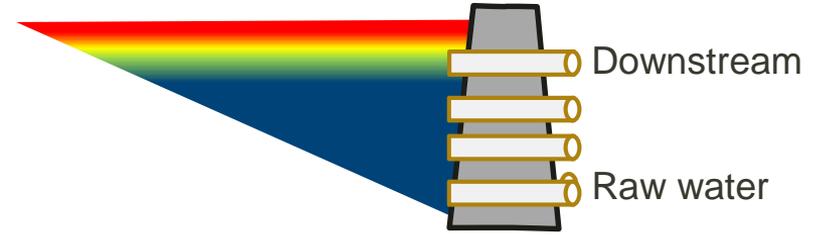
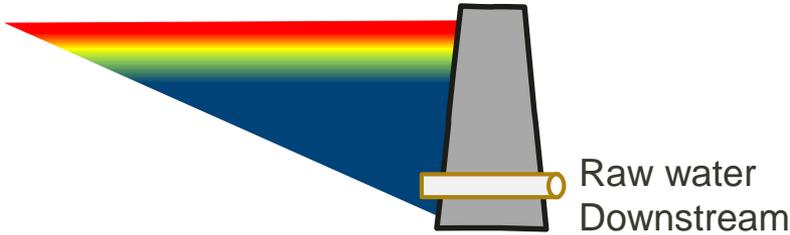


Ensemble warming projections in Germany's largest drinking water reservoir and potential adaptation strategies

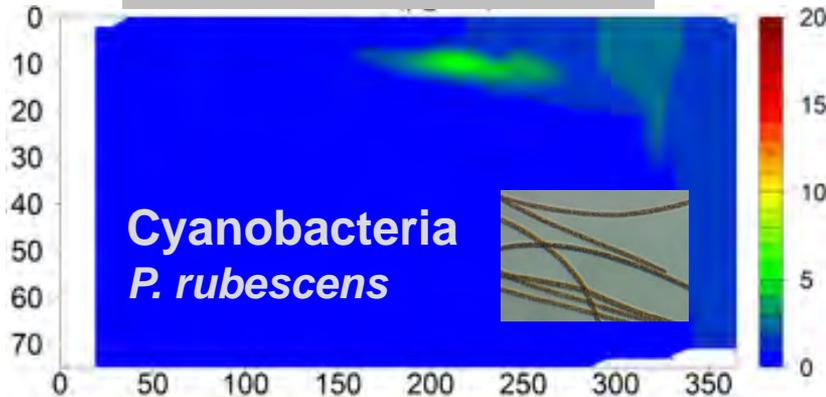
Chenxi Mi<sup>a,b,\*</sup>, Tom Shatwell<sup>a</sup>, Jun Ma<sup>c</sup>, Yaqian Xu<sup>c</sup>, Fangli Su<sup>b</sup>, Karsten Rinke<sup>a</sup>



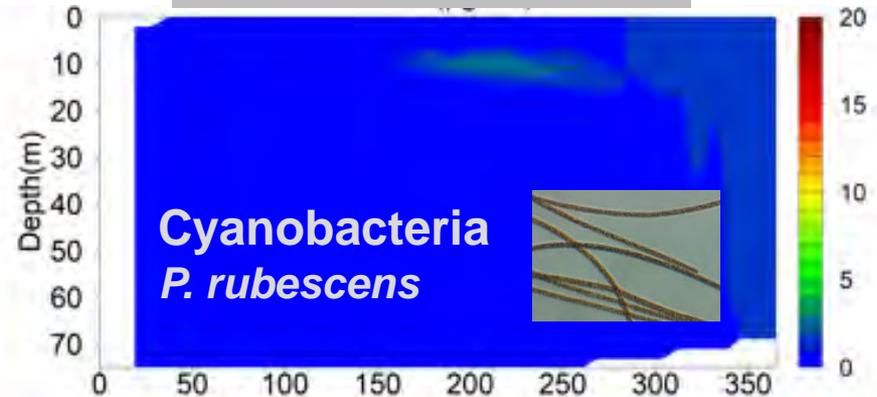
# Climate adaptation of reservoir management: Metalimnetic cyanobacteria



Classical Management

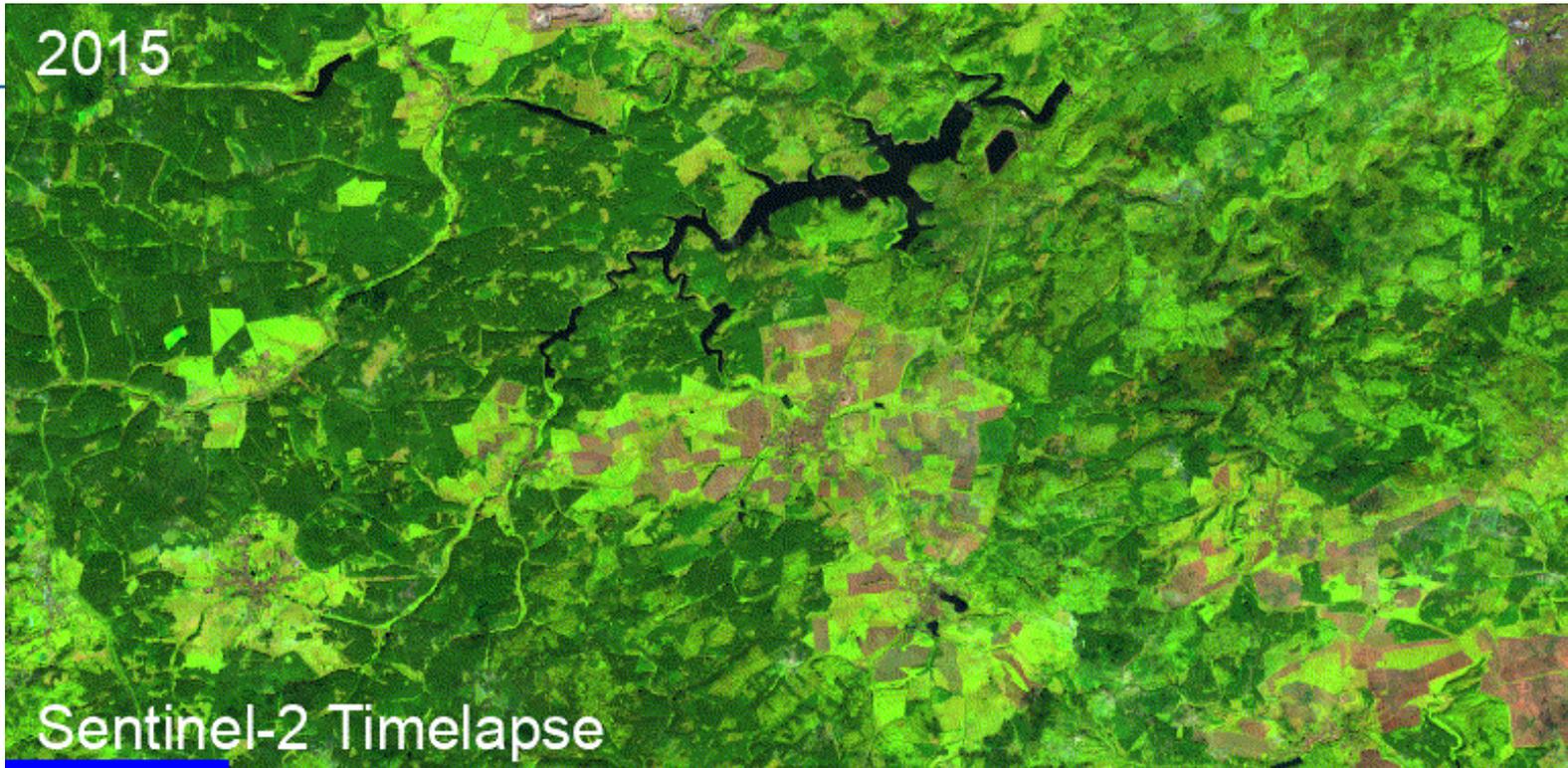


Adapted Management

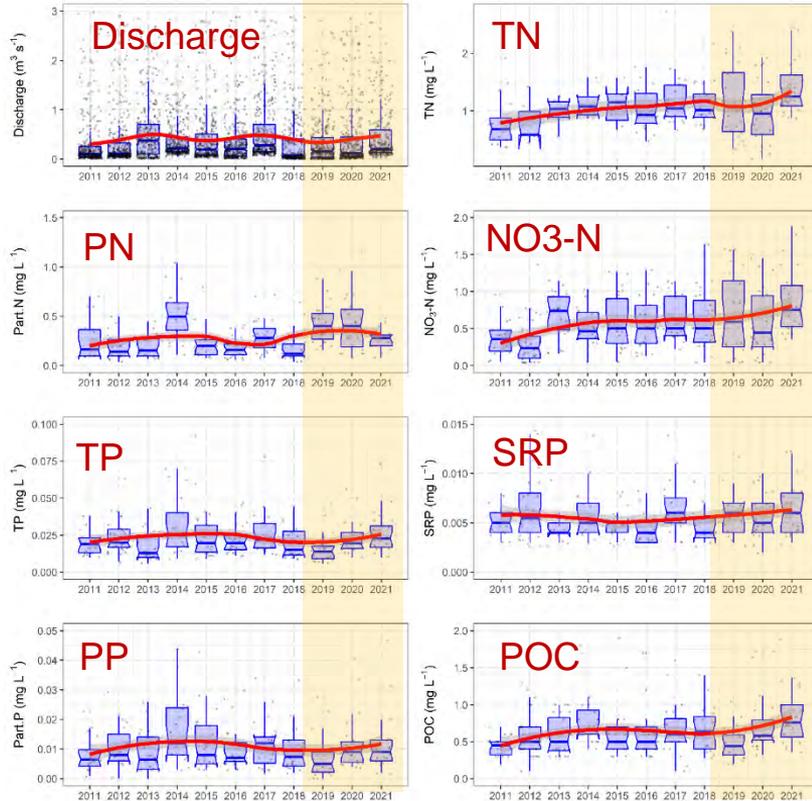




2015



Sentinel-2 Timelapse



After  
deforestation

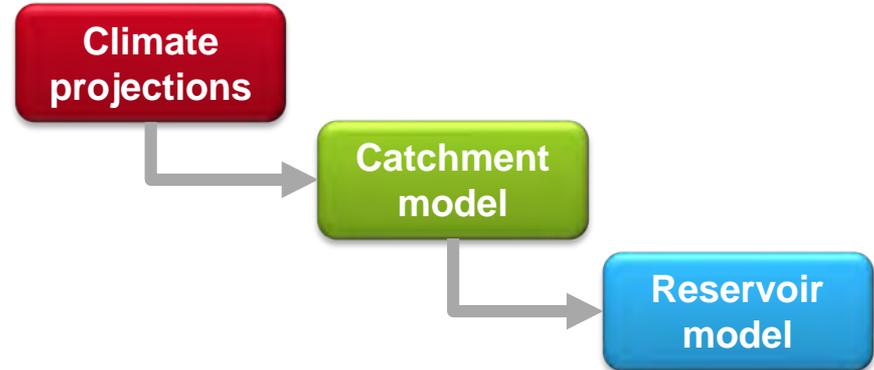


Water Research  
Volume 221, 1 August 2022, 118721

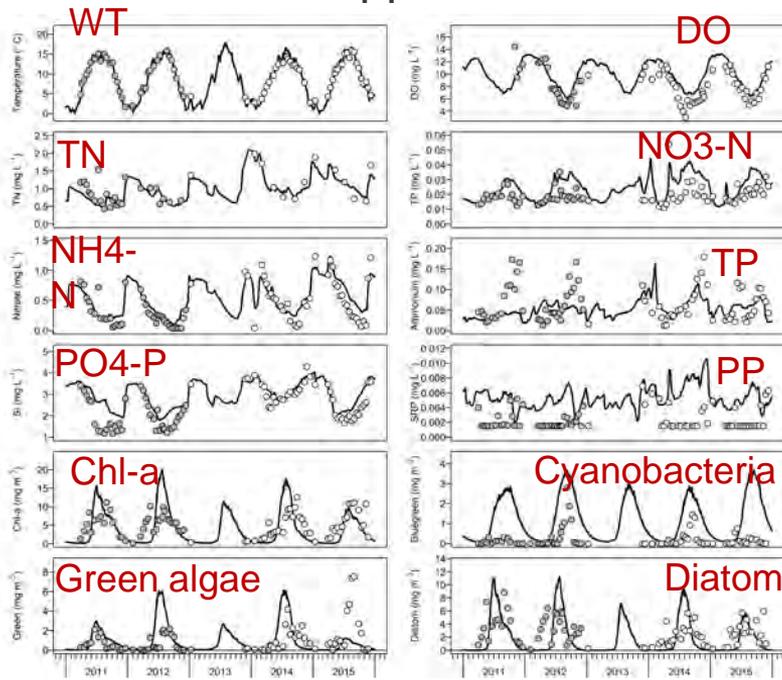


Reservoir water quality deterioration due to deforestation emphasizes the indirect effects of global change

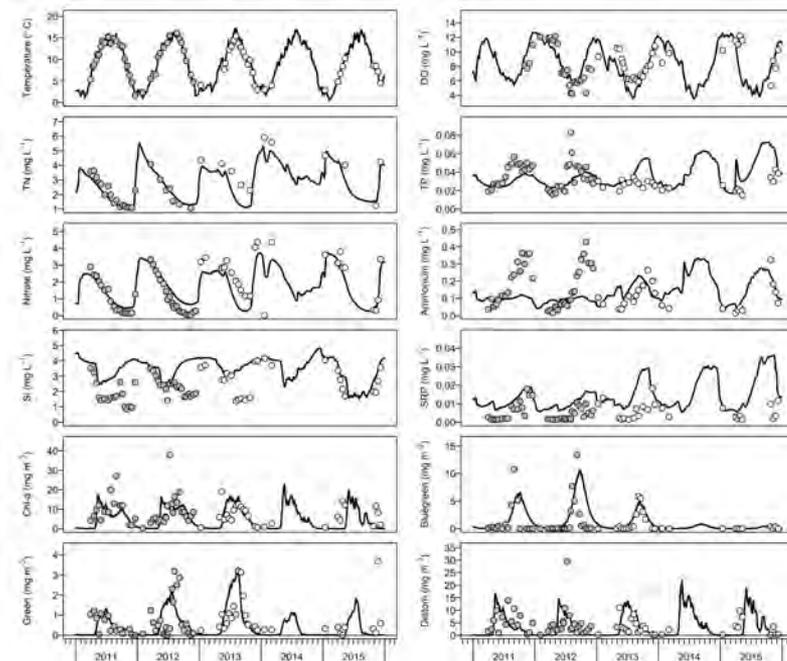
Xiangzhen Kong<sup>a, b</sup>, Salman Ghaffar<sup>c, d</sup>, Maria Determann<sup>b</sup>, Kurt Friese<sup>b</sup>, Seifeddine Jomaa<sup>e</sup>, Chenxi Mi<sup>b</sup>, Tom Shatwell<sup>b</sup>, Karsten Rinke<sup>b</sup>, Michael Rode<sup>e, \*</sup>

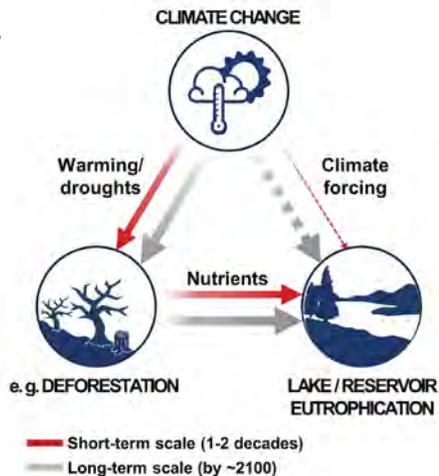


## Rappbode

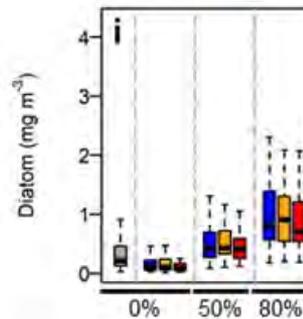
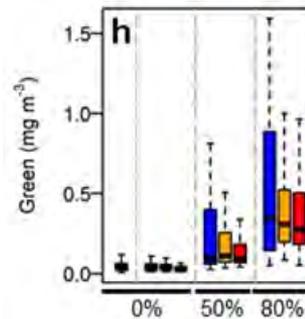
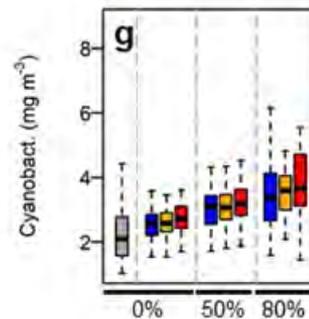
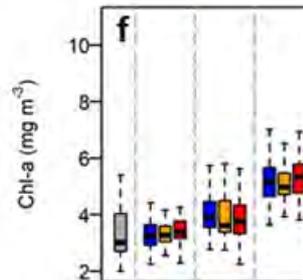
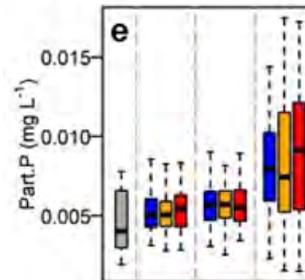
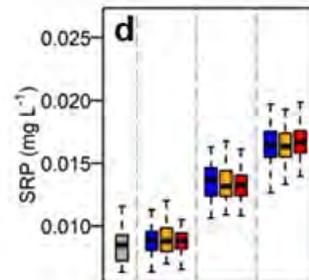
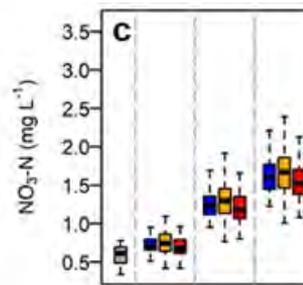
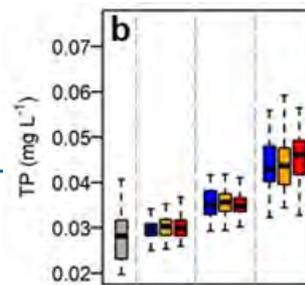
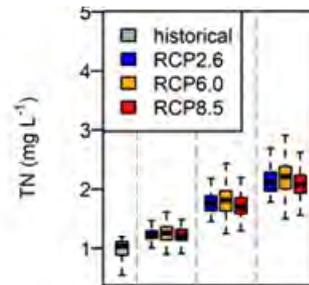
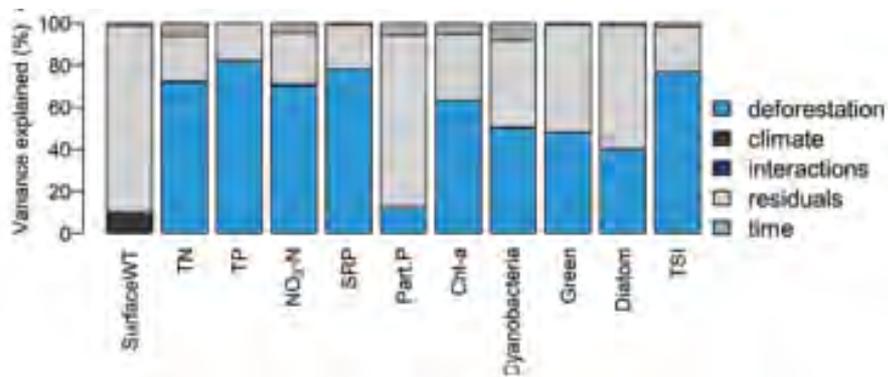


## Hassel





Kong et al., 2022



Deforestation (%)

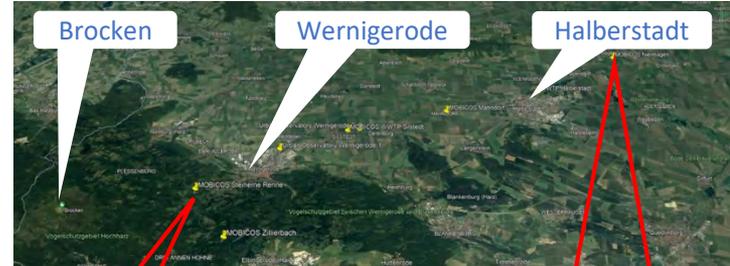
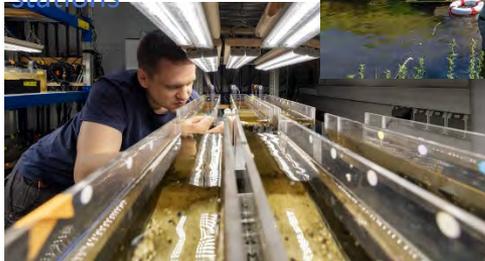
Deforestation (%)

Deforestation (%)

# The UFZ research infrastructure MOBILE streamside mesoCOSms (MOBICOS) – expanding an experimental platform into an eLTER monitoring site for stream ecosystems



MOBICOS containers: flume experiments and continuous water quality monitoring stations

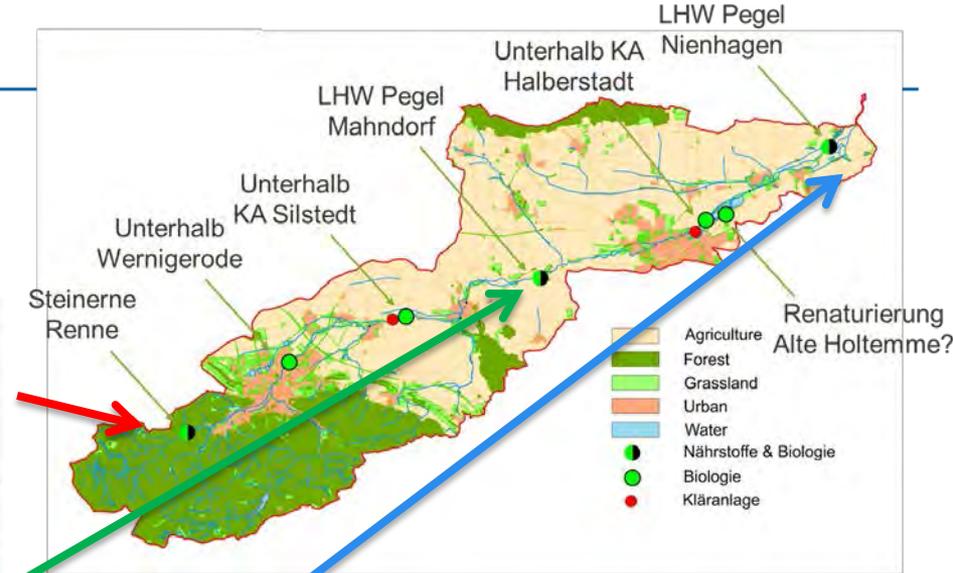
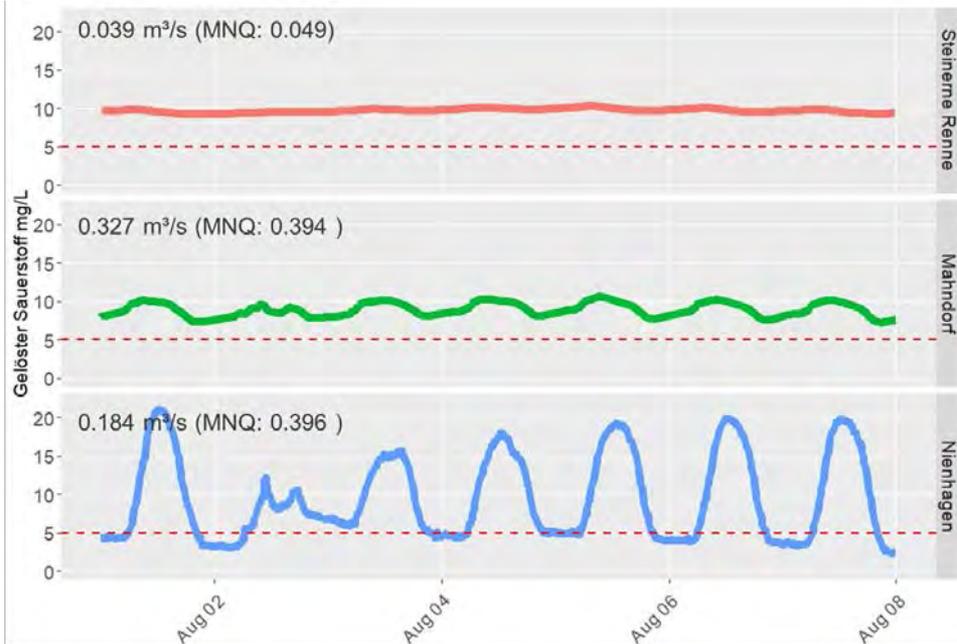


Contacts: Patrick Fink, Mario Brauns



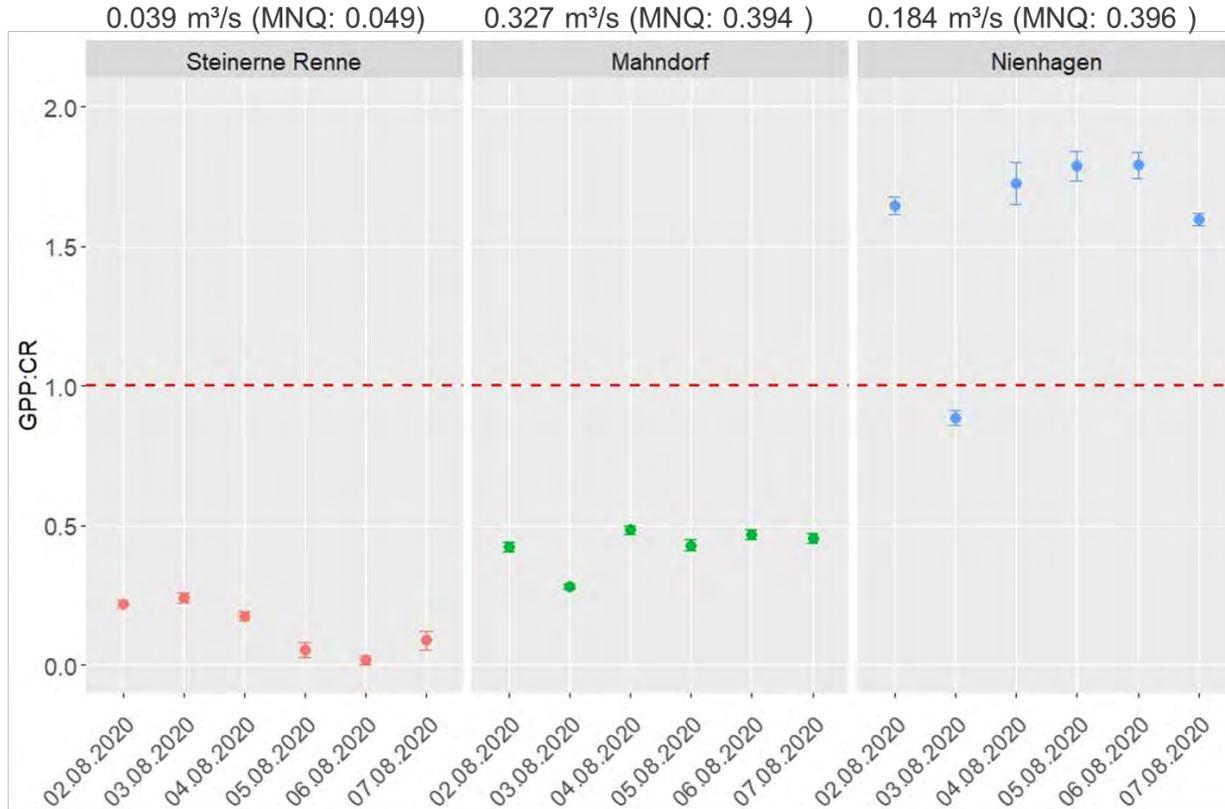
UFZ currently operates 5 MOBICOS containers in the TERENO observatory, plus one at the Elbe River: two of the existing TERENO monitoring sites (at the Holtemme River) will be expanded to category 1 eLTER sites. One at near reference conditions, one at a site with strong anthropogenic modifications (urbanization and agricultural land use).

# Stream metabolism measurements



SEITE 21

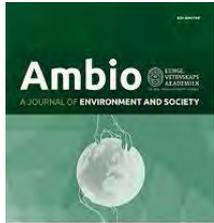
# Stream metabolism measurements



- Structured monitoring programs for lakes and streams, serving as a blueprint for eLTER
  - Linking monitoring data with predictive tools enable the identification of climate adaptation strategies: Example reservoir management
  - Translate ecosystem states (e.g. oxygen) into ecosystem functions (e.g. metabolism)
  - Strong effects of global change – directly and indirectly
-



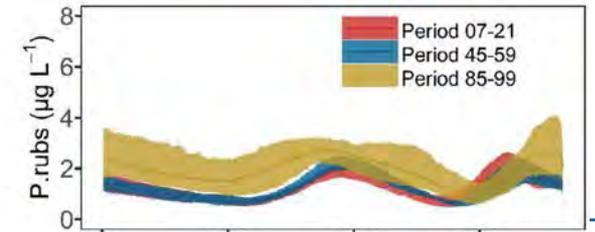
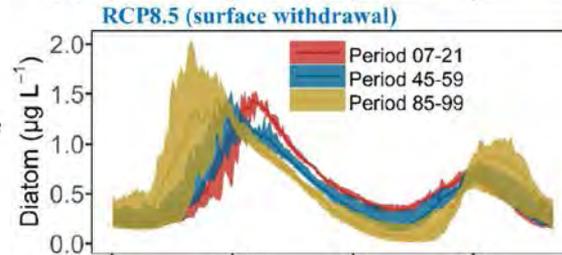
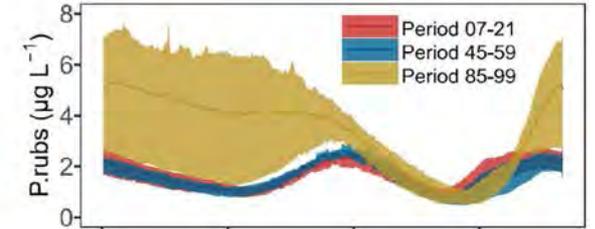
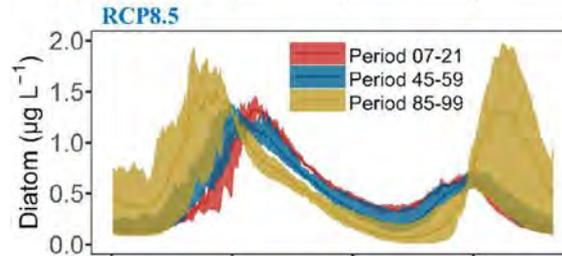
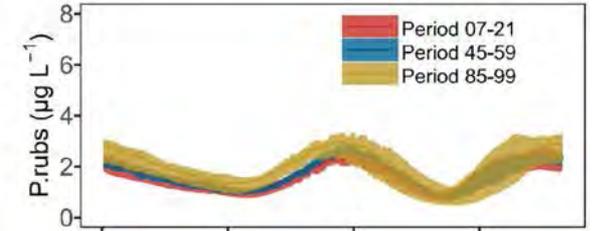
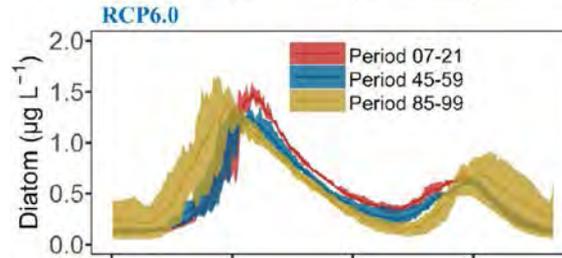
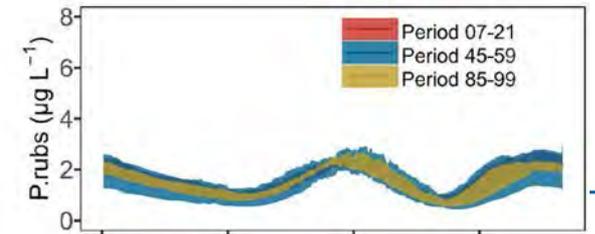
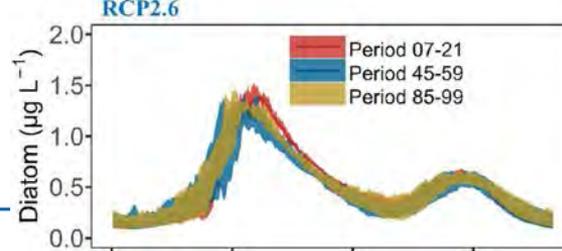
# Klimaprognosen zur Dynamik der Algengemeinschaft



Springer

**Cascading climate effects in deep reservoirs: Full assessment of physical and biogeochemical dynamics under ensemble climate projections and ways towards adaptation**

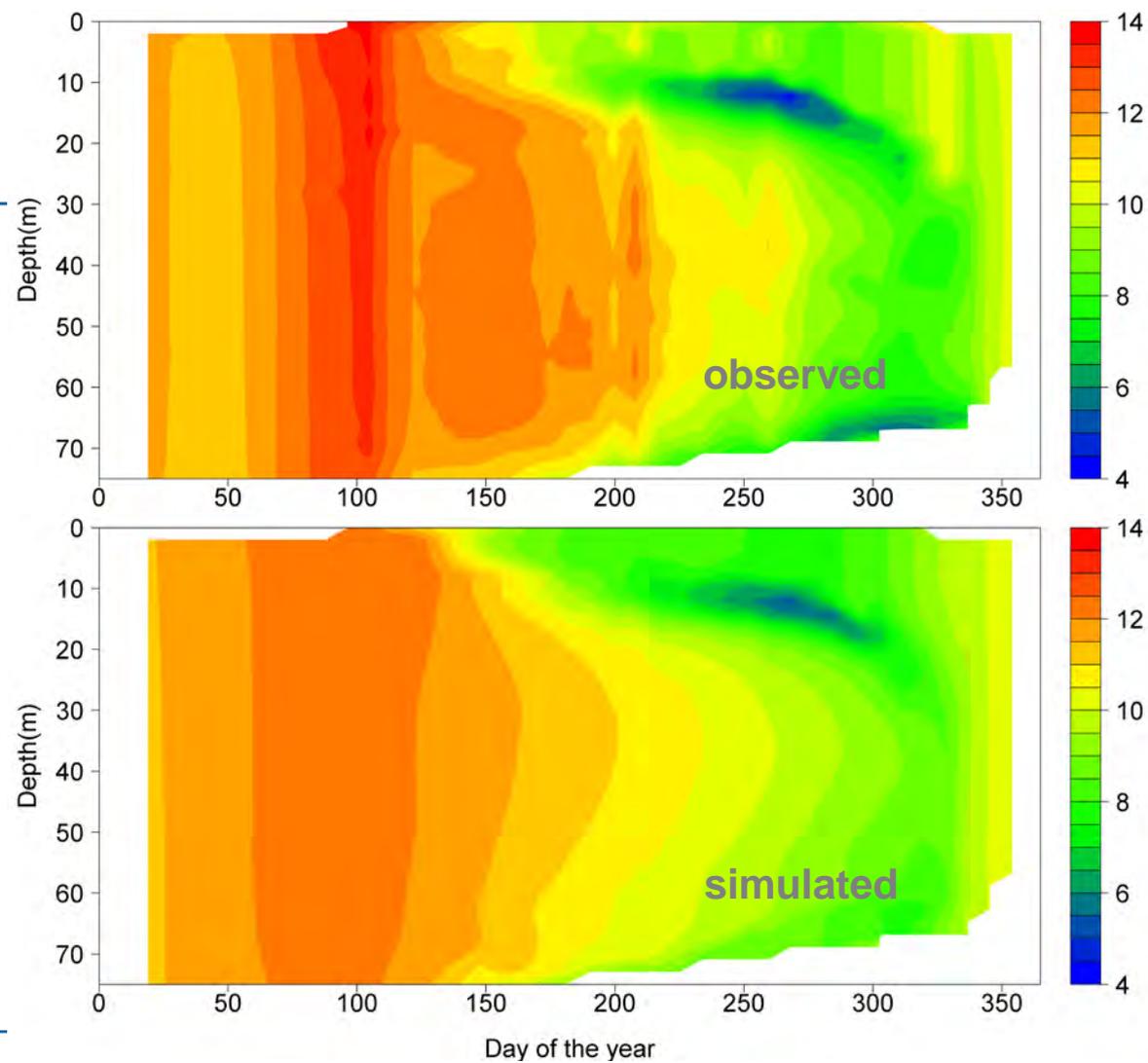
Chenxi Mi, Tom Shatwell, Xiangzhen Kong, Karsten Rinke



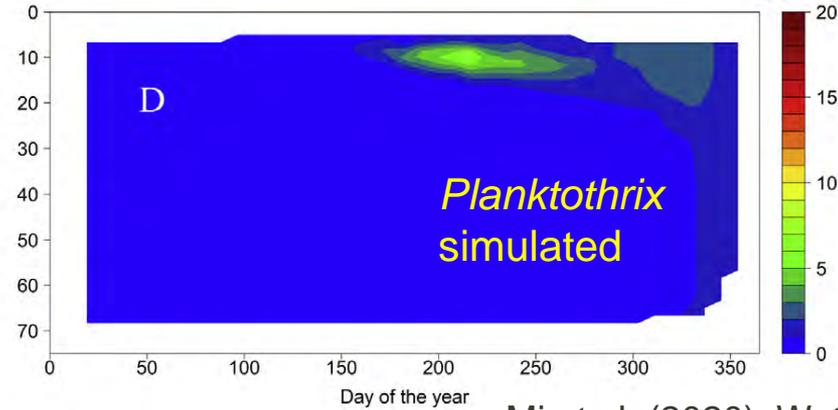
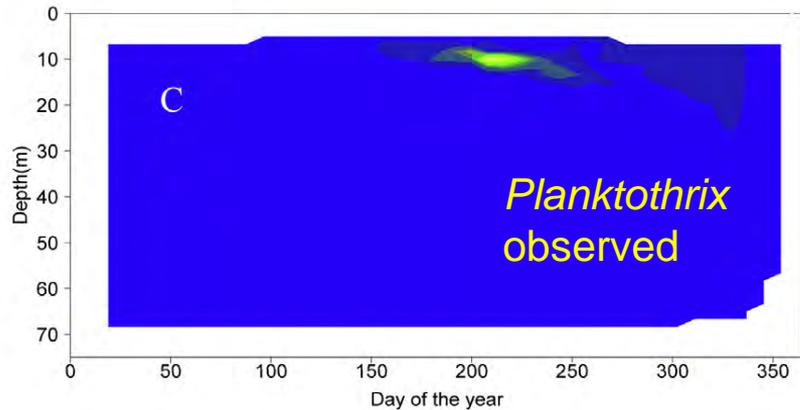
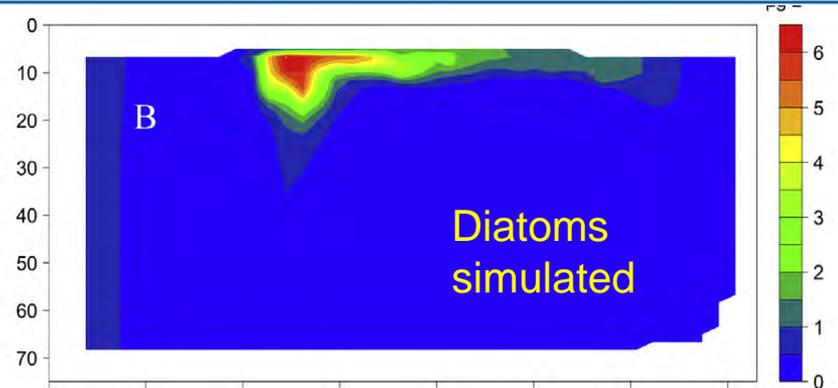
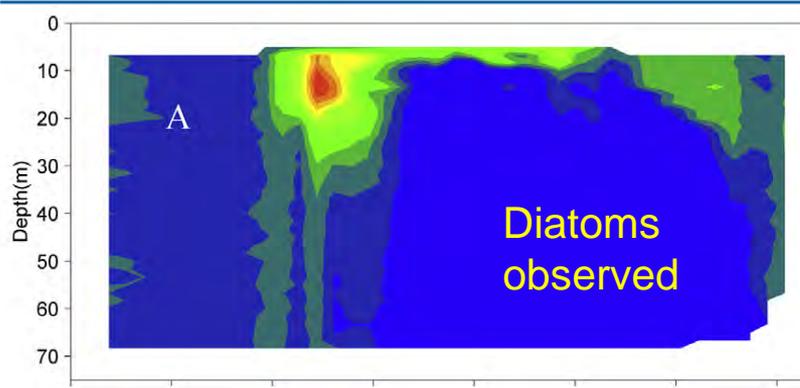
Day

Day

# Dissolved oxygen

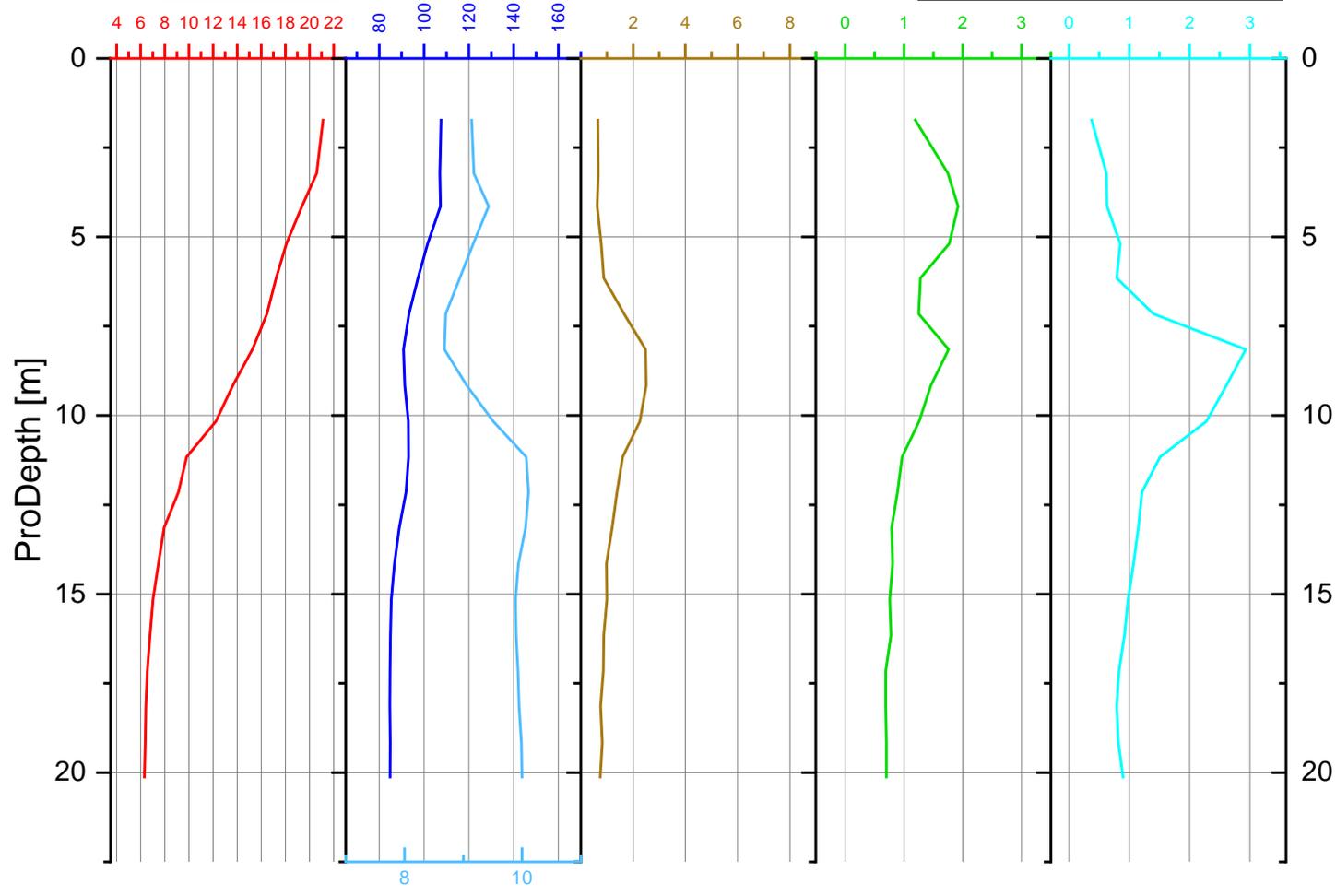


# Diatoms and *Planktothrix rubescens*



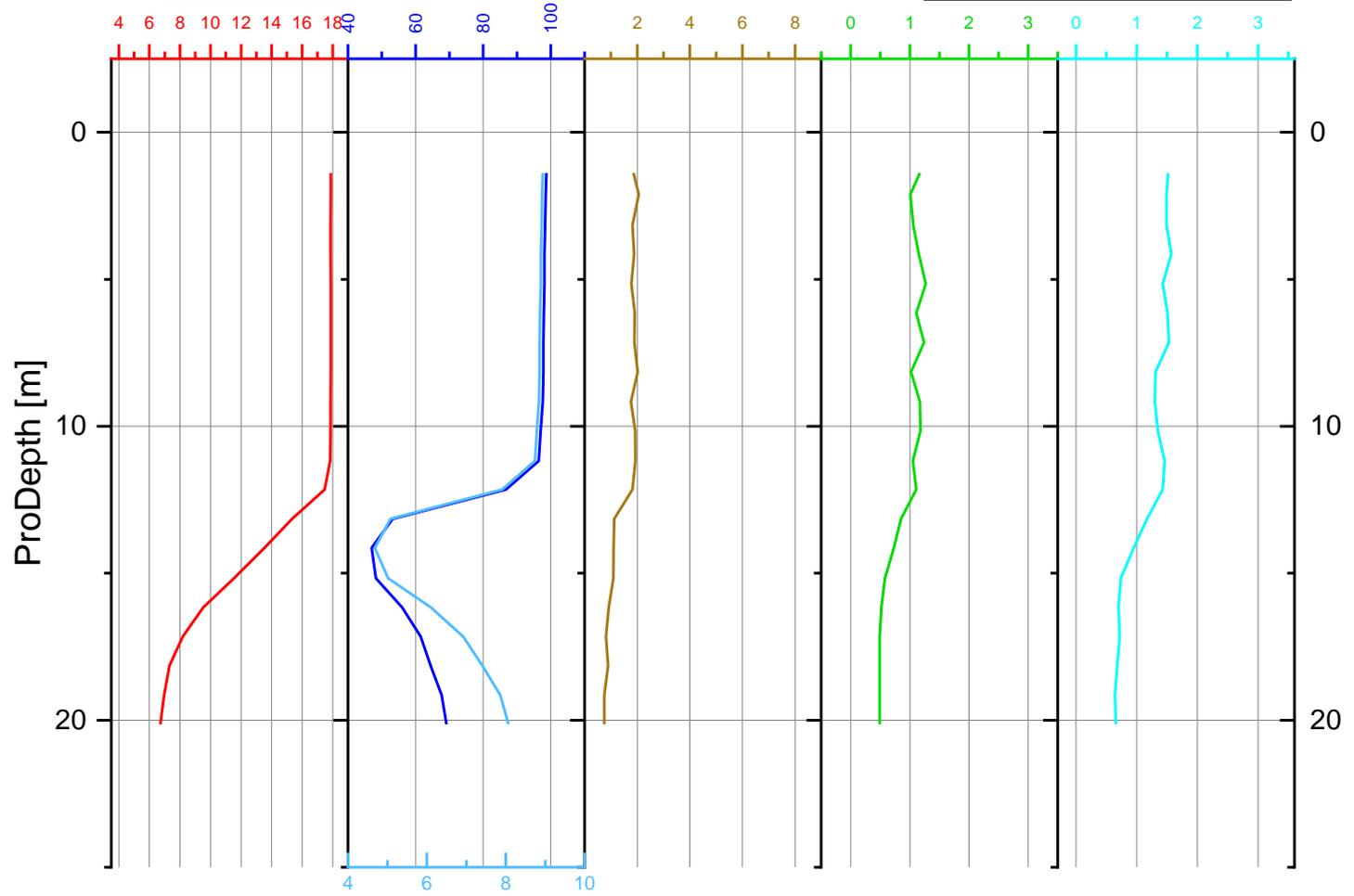
Hauptsperre

Datum 2023-07-11 08:03 UTC



Hauptsperre

Datum 2023-09-23 10:03 UTC



YTP-Hauptsperre

2023

Jun

Jul

Aug

Sep

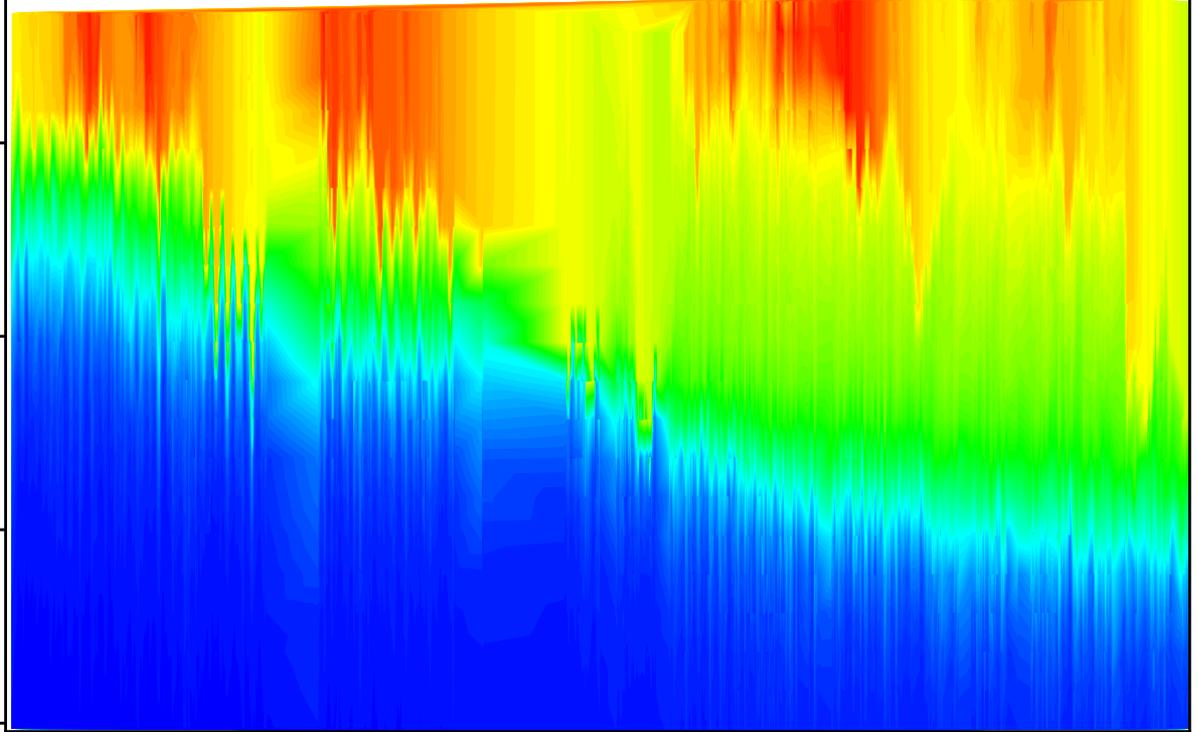
0

10

20

ProDepth [m]

ProTemp [°C]



YTP-Hauptsperre

2023

Jun

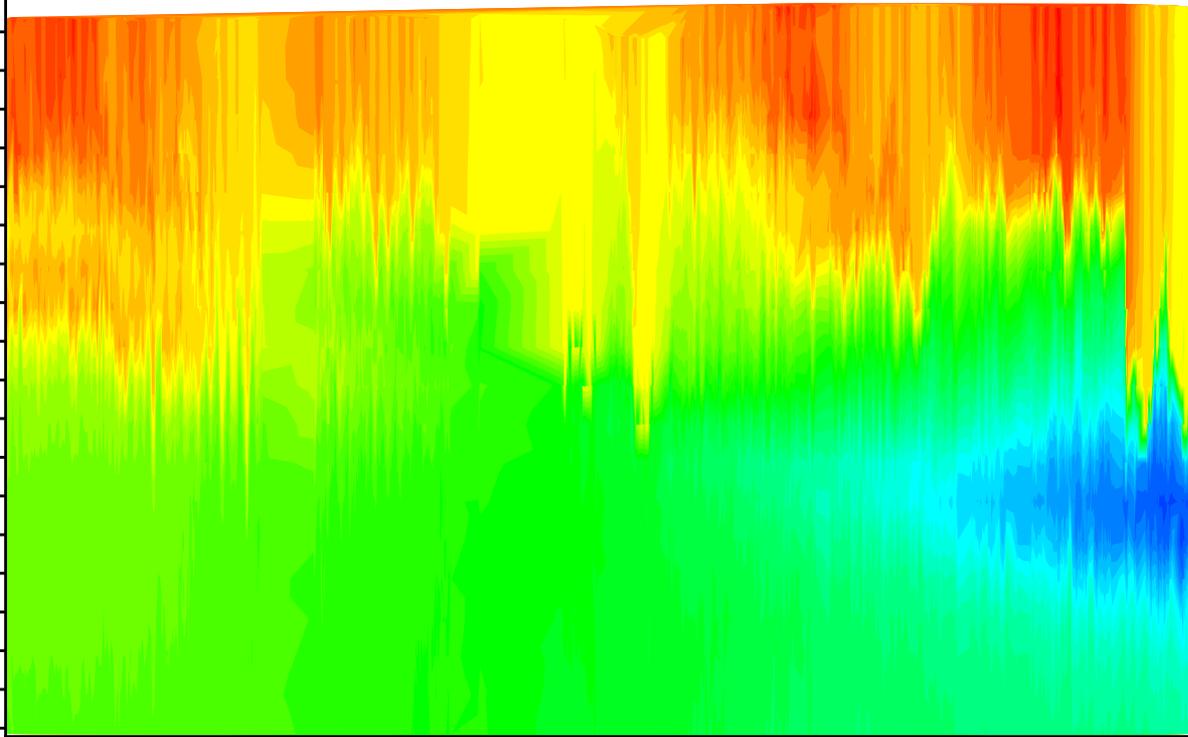
Jul

Aug

Sep

ProDepth [m]

0  
2  
4  
6  
8  
10  
12  
14  
16  
18  
20



ProDOxygen\_local [%]



YTP-Hauptsperre

2023

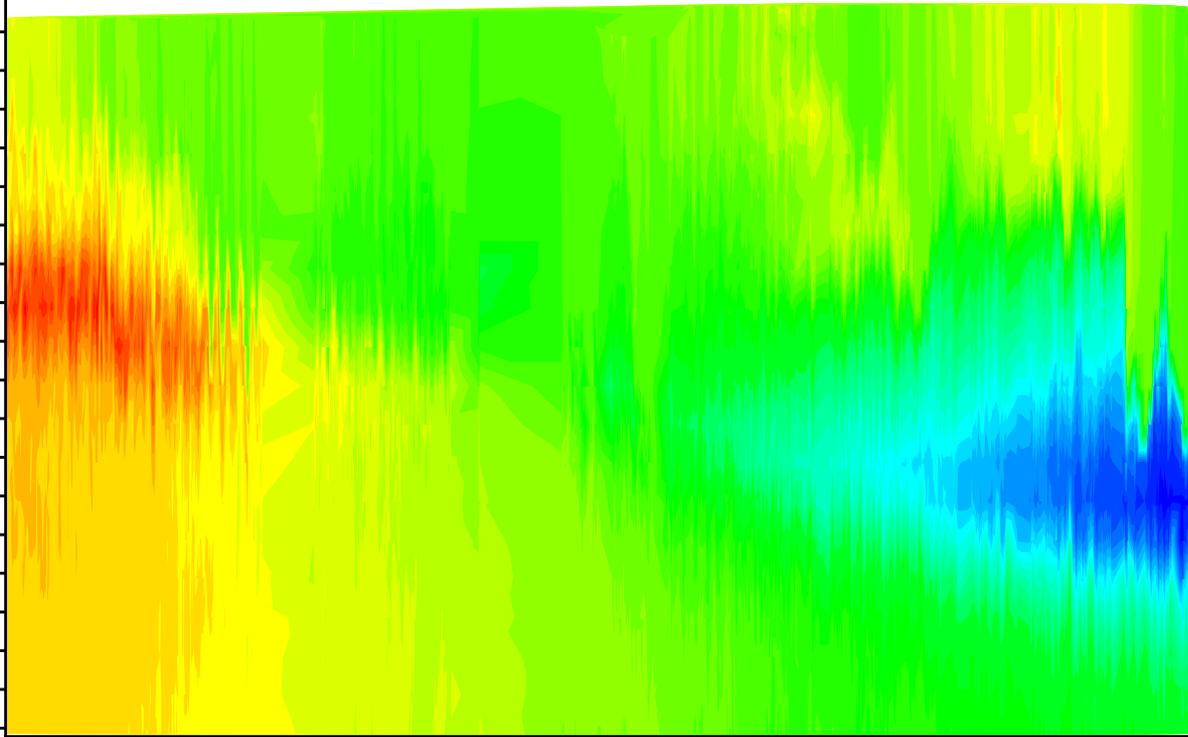
Jun

Jul

Aug

Sep

0  
2  
4  
6  
8  
10  
12  
14  
16  
18  
20



ProDOxygen [mg/l]



YTP-Hauptsperre

2023

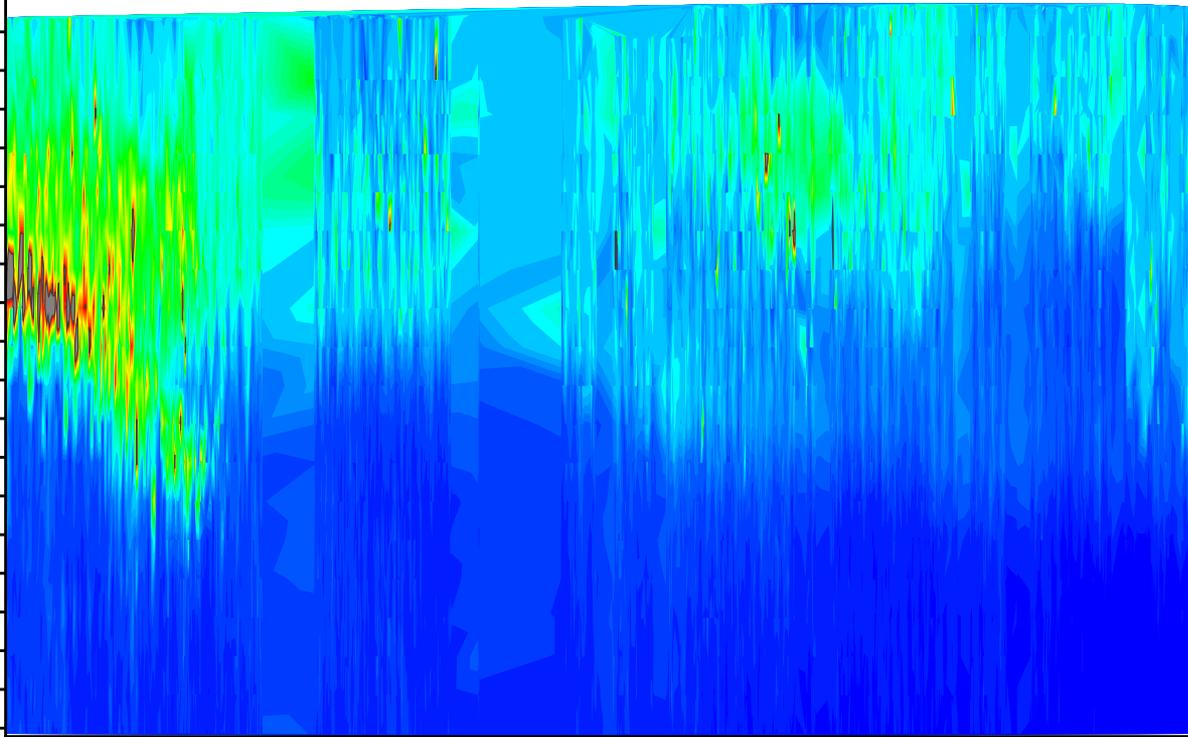
Jun

Jul

Aug

Sep

0  
2  
4  
6  
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12  
14  
16  
18  
20



ProChlorophyll [RFU]



YTP-Hauptsperre

2023

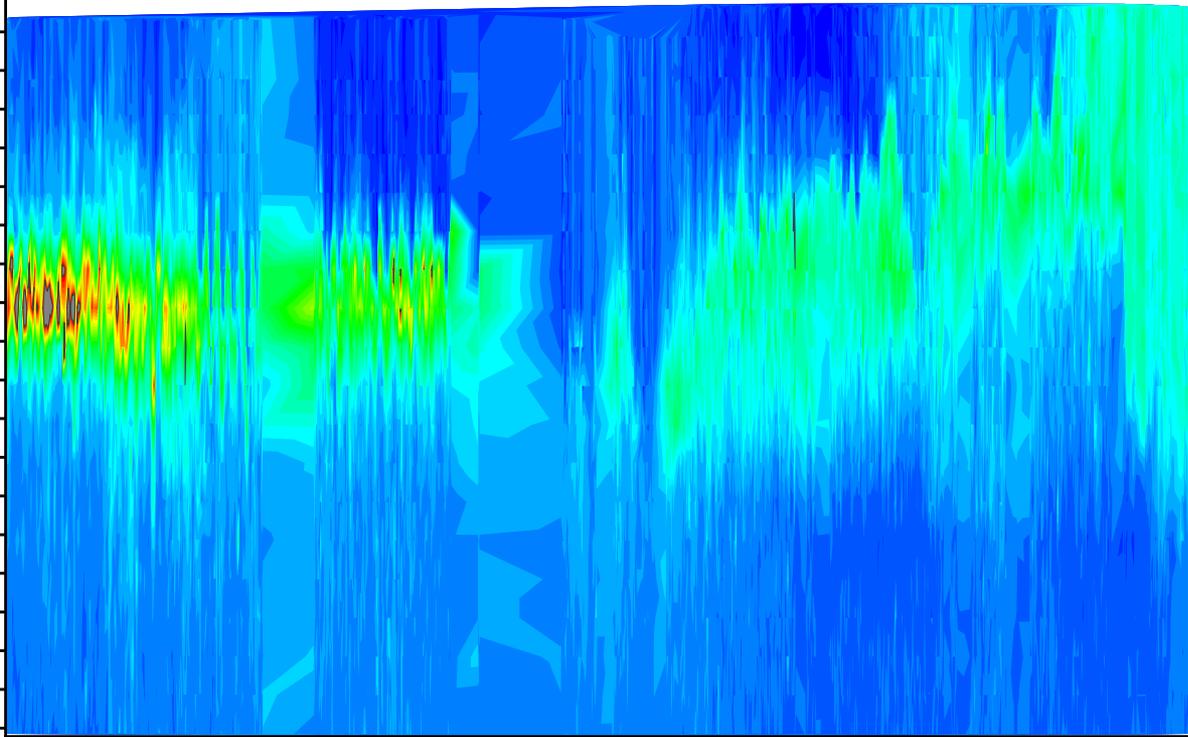
Jun

Jul

Aug

Sep

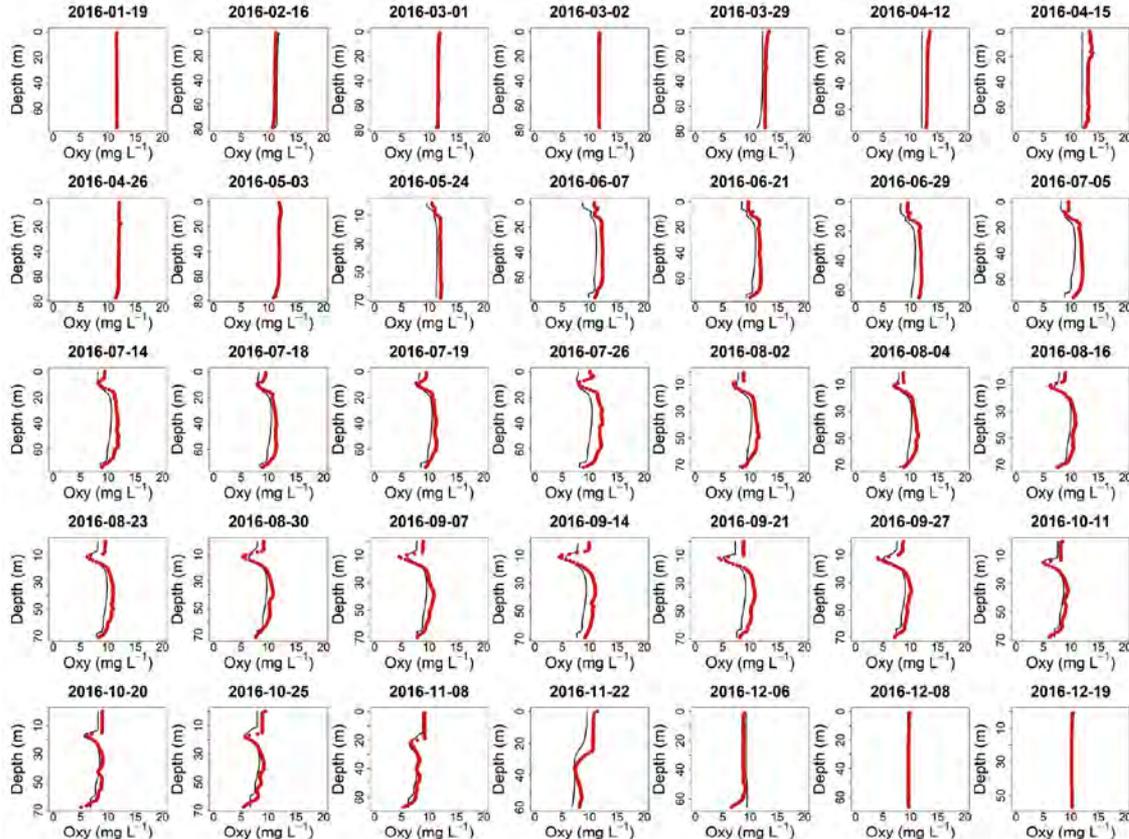
0  
2  
4  
6  
8  
10  
12  
14  
16  
18  
20



ProPhycocyanin [RFU]







RMSE = 0.95 mg l<sup>-1</sup>  
R<sup>2</sup> = 0.84



The formation of a metalimnetic oxygen minimum exemplifies how ecosystem dynamics shape biogeochemical processes: A modelling study

Chenxi Mi <sup>a,b,\*</sup>, Tom Shatwell <sup>a</sup>, Jun Ma <sup>c</sup>, Valerie Carolin Wentzky <sup>a,d</sup>, Bertram Boehrer <sup>a</sup>,  
Yaqian Xu <sup>e</sup>, Karsten Rinke <sup>a</sup>

Mi et al. (2020),  
Water Research