



Foto: André Künzelmann UFZ 11.06.08

Interactive Wind Park Planning in a Visualization Center – Giving Control to the user

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Förderkennziffern 01UN0601A, B

Public participation using choice cards

Which program would you choose

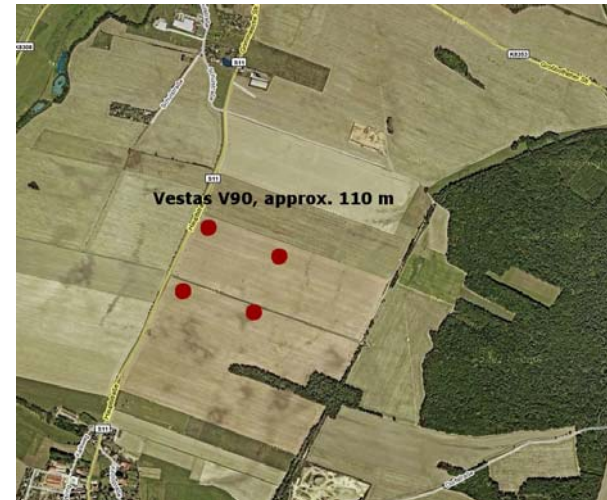
	program A	program B	program C
Size of the Windparks	large	small	medium
Max. height of turbines	200m	110m	200m
Local impact on nature	medium	low	medium
Min. distance to village	750m	1100m	1500m
Additional costs for electr.	0 €	6 €	1 €

Using additional 2D visualization

Program A



Program B



Program C



Using additional 3D visualization

Program A



Program B

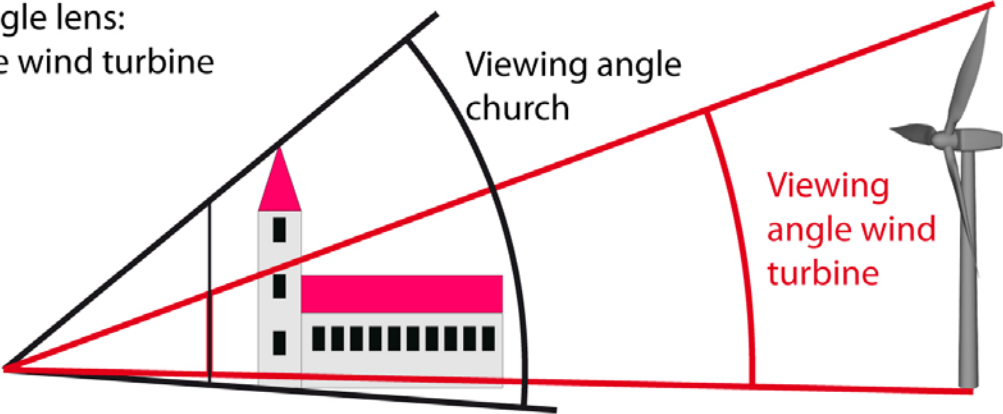
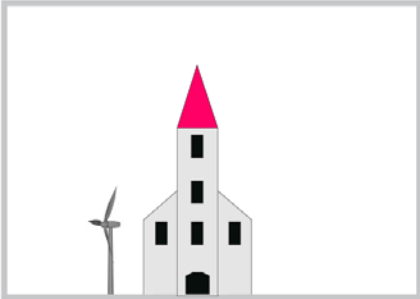


Program C

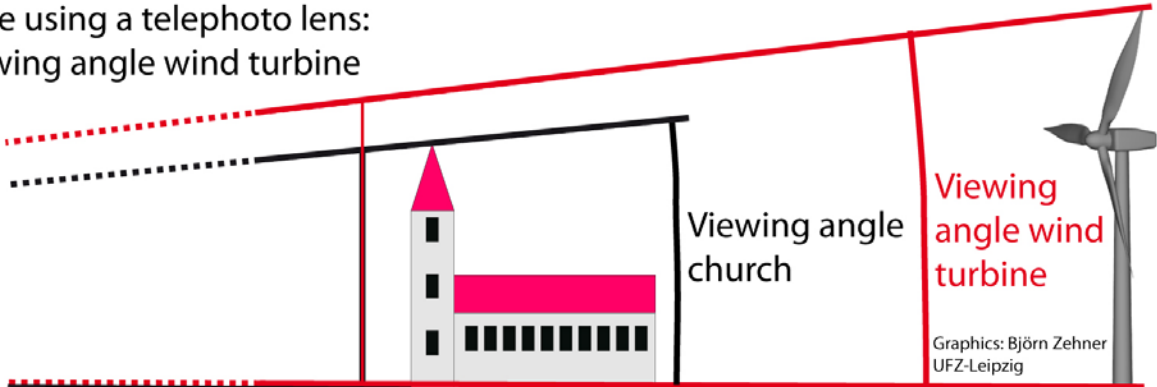


Public participation

Picture taken close up using a wide angle lens:
Viewing angle church > Viewing angle wind turbine



Picture taken from a distance using a telephoto lens:
Viewing angle church < Viewing angle wind turbine



Graphics: Björn Zehner
UFZ-Leipzig

Public participation



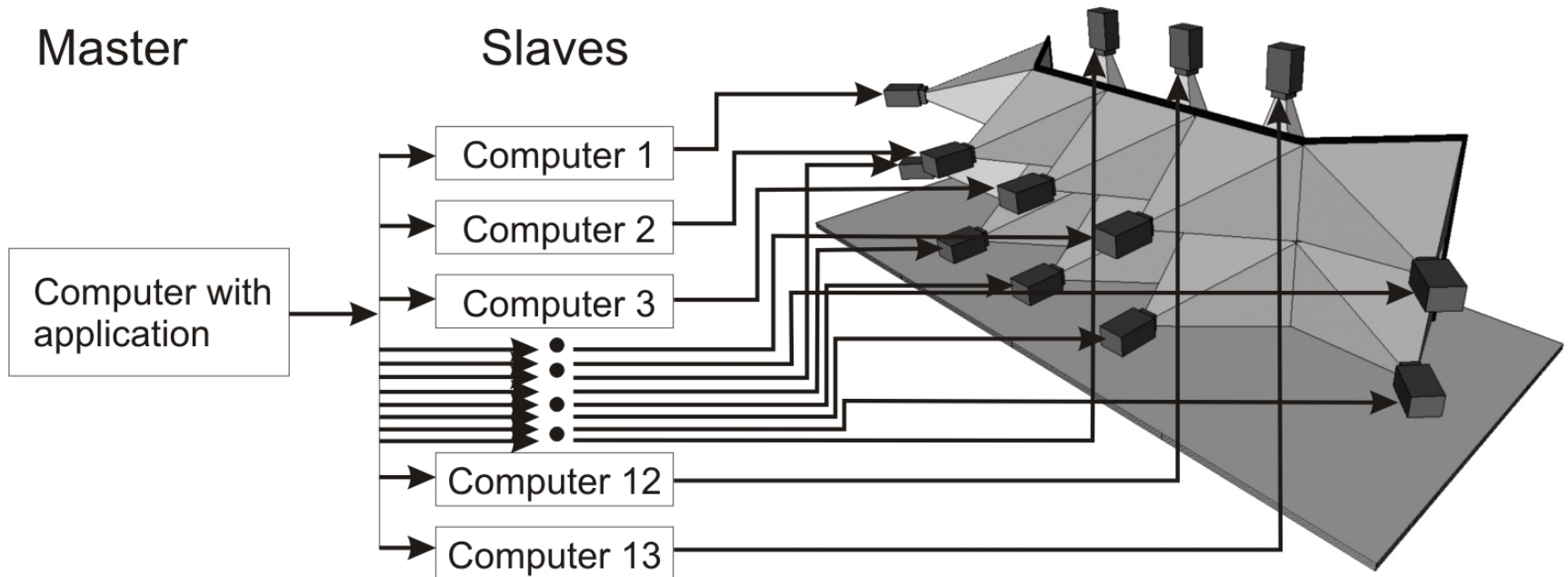
Public participation



UFZ's Visualization Center

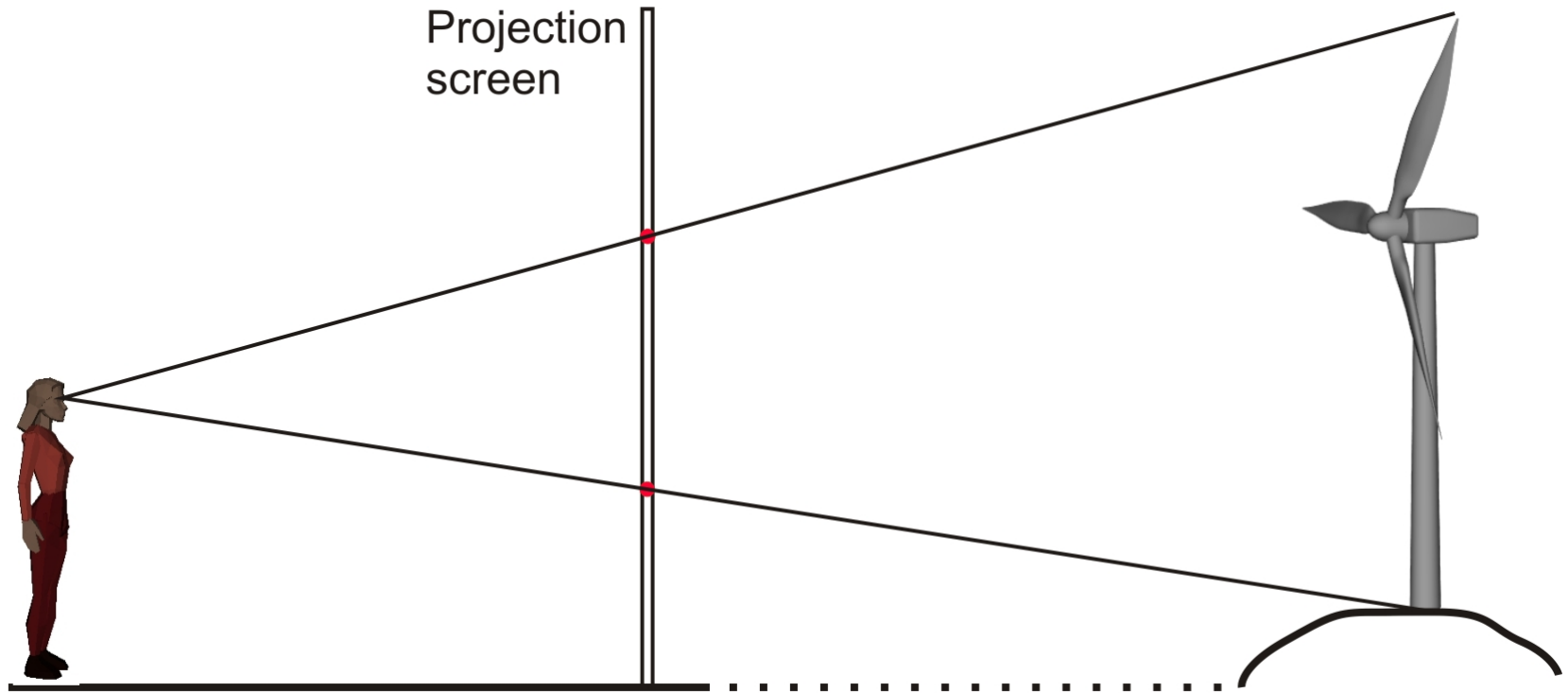


UFZ's Visualization Center

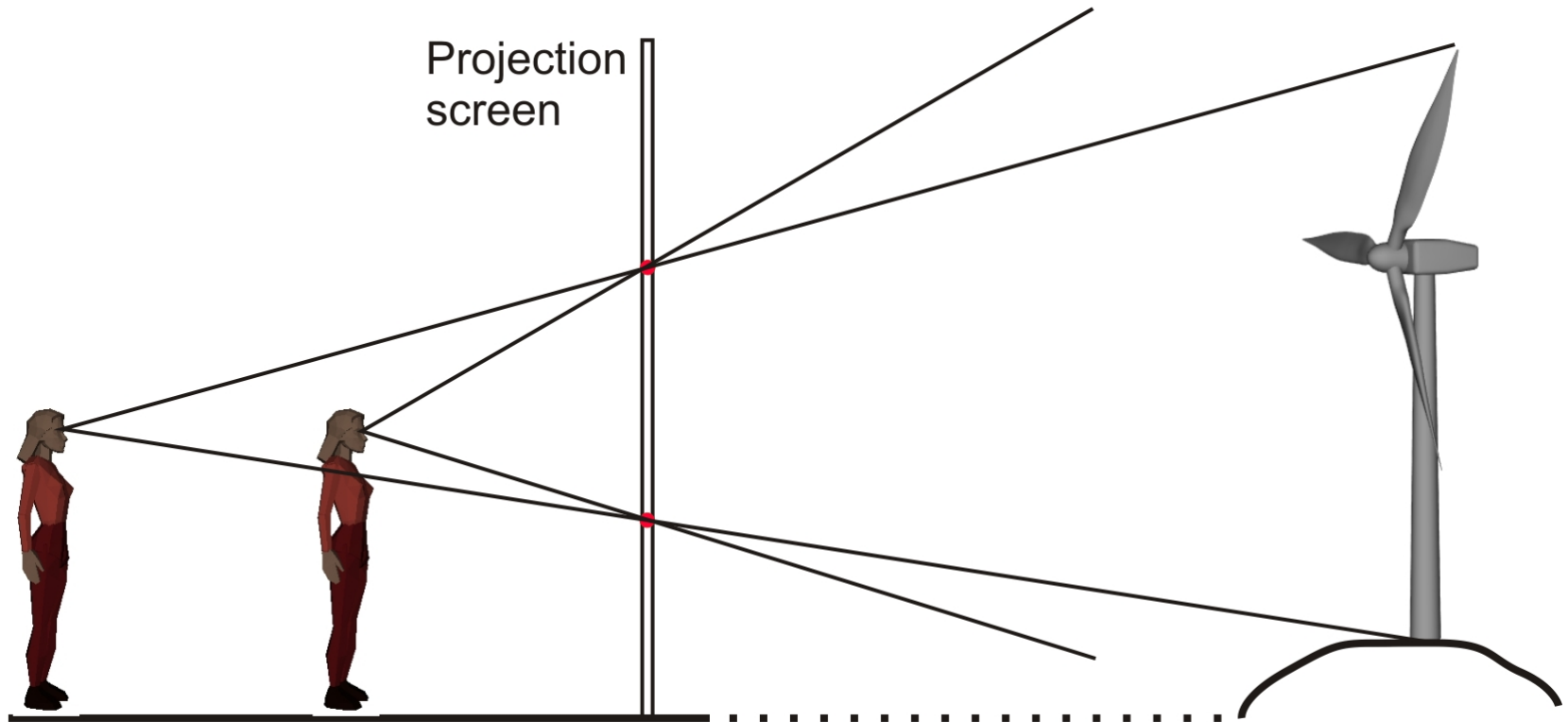


- Supports stereoscopy using shutter glasses or infitec
- Supports head tracking

Head-tracking



Head-tracking



Because objects of interest are far away the visualization is:

- Very sensitive moving towards and away from the screen
- Less sensitive moving parallel to the screen (left/right)

Focus of our visualization

Visualization from short distances (up to 2km).

Less on the question:

Where can we locate a wind-park?

But more on the question:

At this location will be a wind-park, how shall it look like? Number of turbines? Size of turbines?

Interaction – giving control to the users

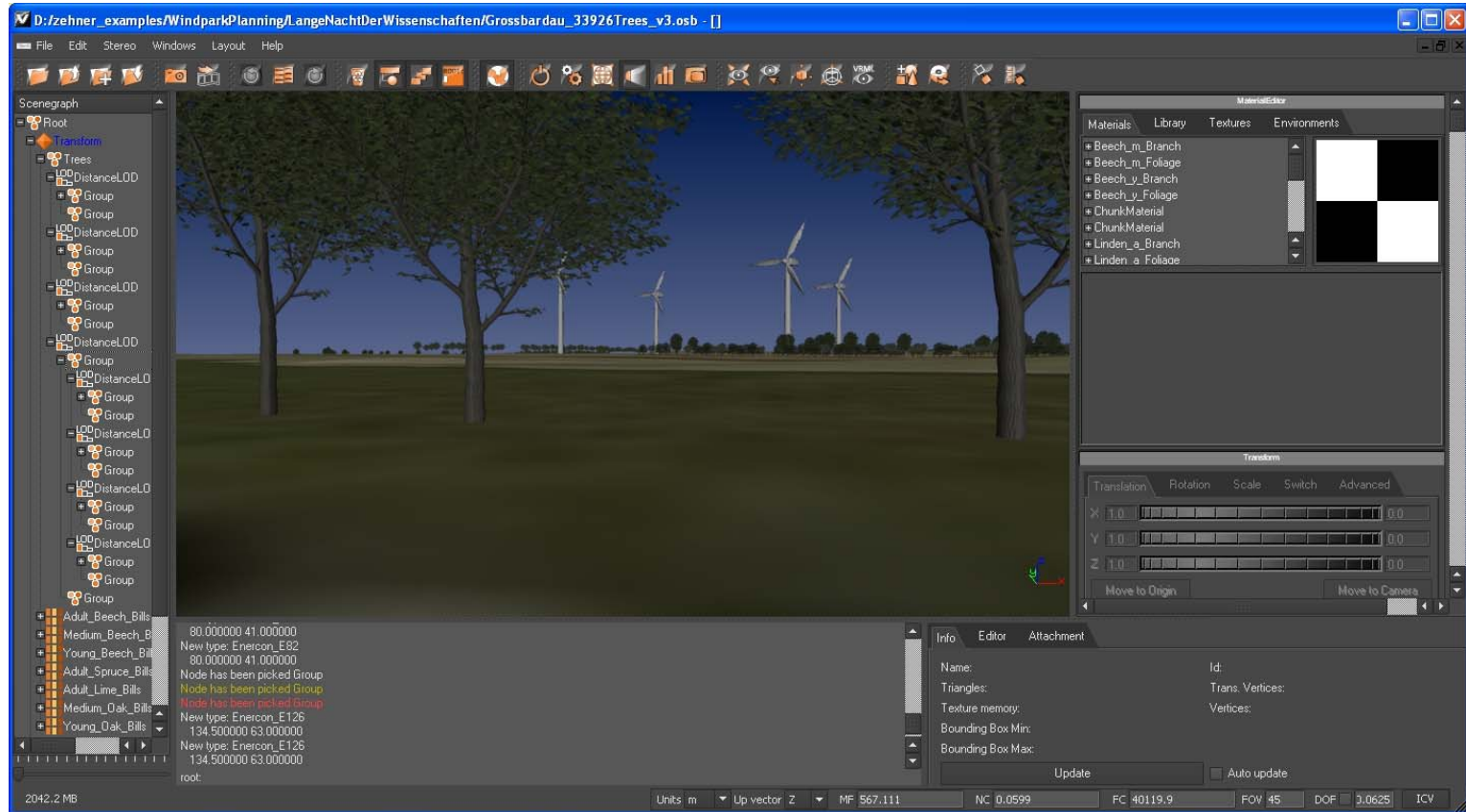
Why:

- People can quickly and efficiently play with different scenarios
- People should become aware of constraints the planners are exposed to
- Their preferences become visible without explaining them which parameters we are actually interested in (they are somehow hidden in the set of predefined turbines)

What is necessary:

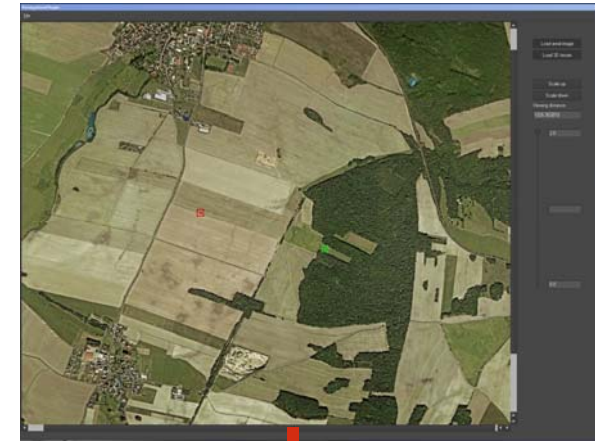
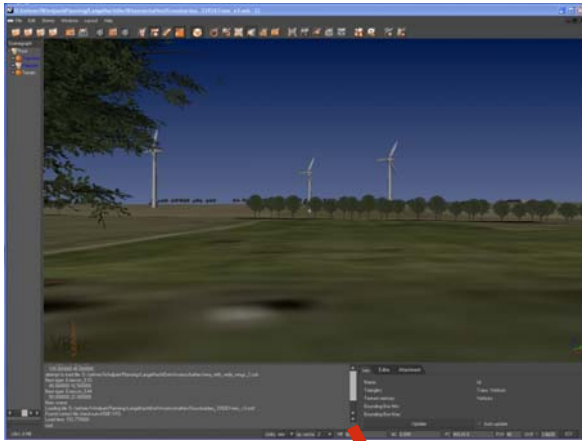
- Very simple and easy to use interaction

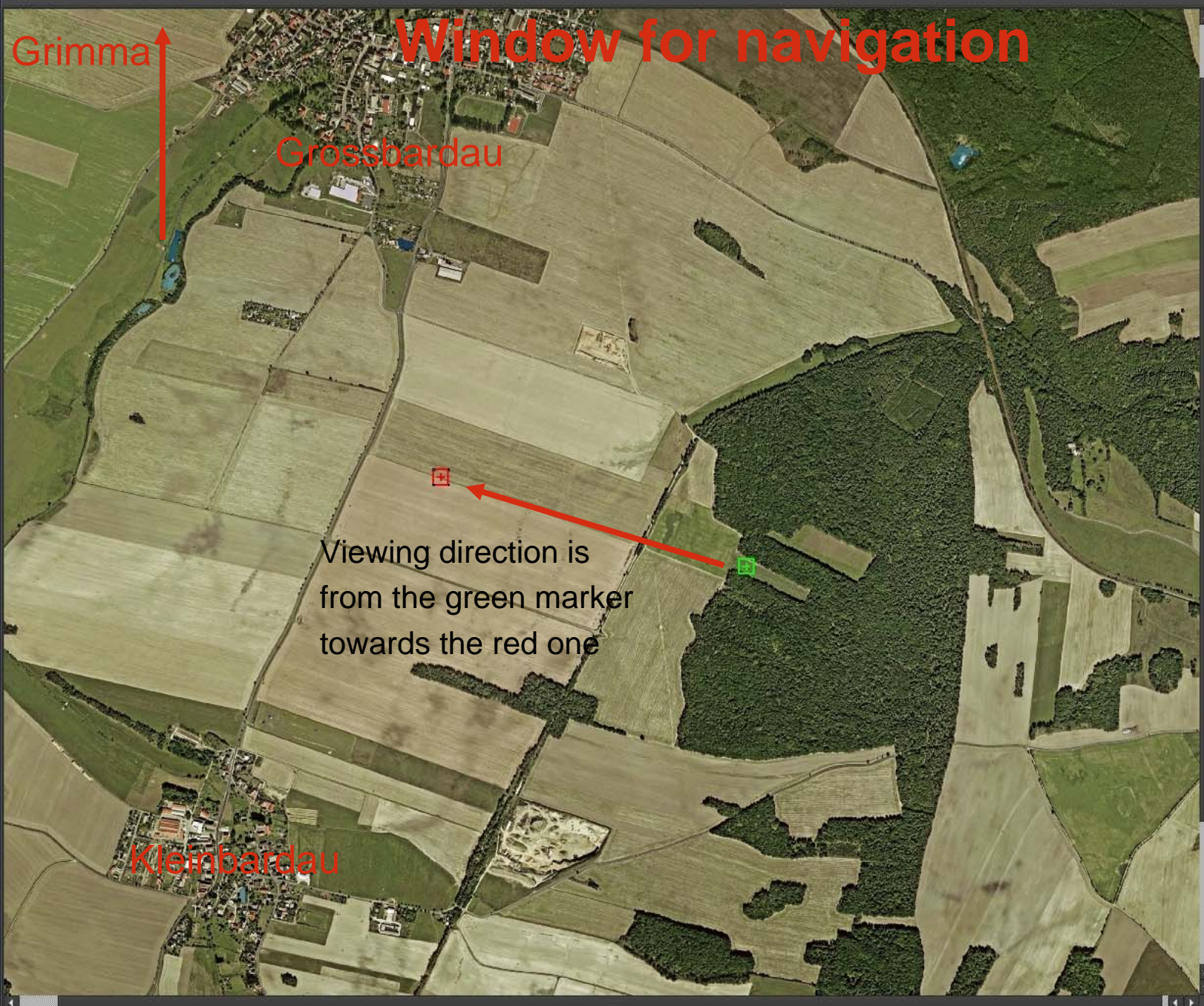
Interaction



Use of standard software is usually too complicated

Interaction





Load areal image

Load 3D terrain

Scale up

Scale down

Viewing distance:
1026.903816

2.0

0.0

Window for wind-park planning

The screenshot displays a software interface for wind park planning. The main area is an aerial photograph of a rural landscape with fields and a forest. Three circular grey areas represent turbine footprints, labeled 'Vestas_V90', 'Enercon_E4', and 'Vestas_V90'. Black arrows point from text labels to these footprints. On the right side, there is a control panel with various settings and buttons. White arrows point from text labels to specific controls in the panel. At the bottom of the map, there are navigation arrows.

Location and area needed for individual wind power engines

Zoom in/out

Add/remove turbine

Choose turbine type

Data for current turbine type

Rated power of the whole windpark

Rotoren an

Groesser

Kleiner

Neue Anlage

Anlage entfernen

Anlagentyp

Enercon_E44

Nabenhöhe

50.000

Rotorradius

22.000

Nennleistung (MW)

0.900

Nennleistung des Windparks (MW)

6.900



Scenegraph
Root
Transform
Hauser
Terrain

3D view of the windpark



105.000000 45.000000
attempt to load file: D:/zehner/WindparkPlanning/LangeNachtDerWissenschaften/wea_with_wide_wings_2.osb
New type: Enercon_E33
45.000000 16.500000
New type: Enercon_E44
50.000000 22.000000
New scene.
Loading file 'D:/zehner/WindparkPlanning/LangeNachtDerWissenschaften/Grossbardau_33926Trees_v3.osb' ...
Found correct file checksum A50E11FD.
Load time: 152.779000
root:

Info Editor Attachment

Name:	Id:
Triangles:	Trans. Vertices:
Texture memory:	Vertices:
Bounding Box Min:	
Bounding Box Max:	

Update Auto update

Presentation at Leipzig's regional science day

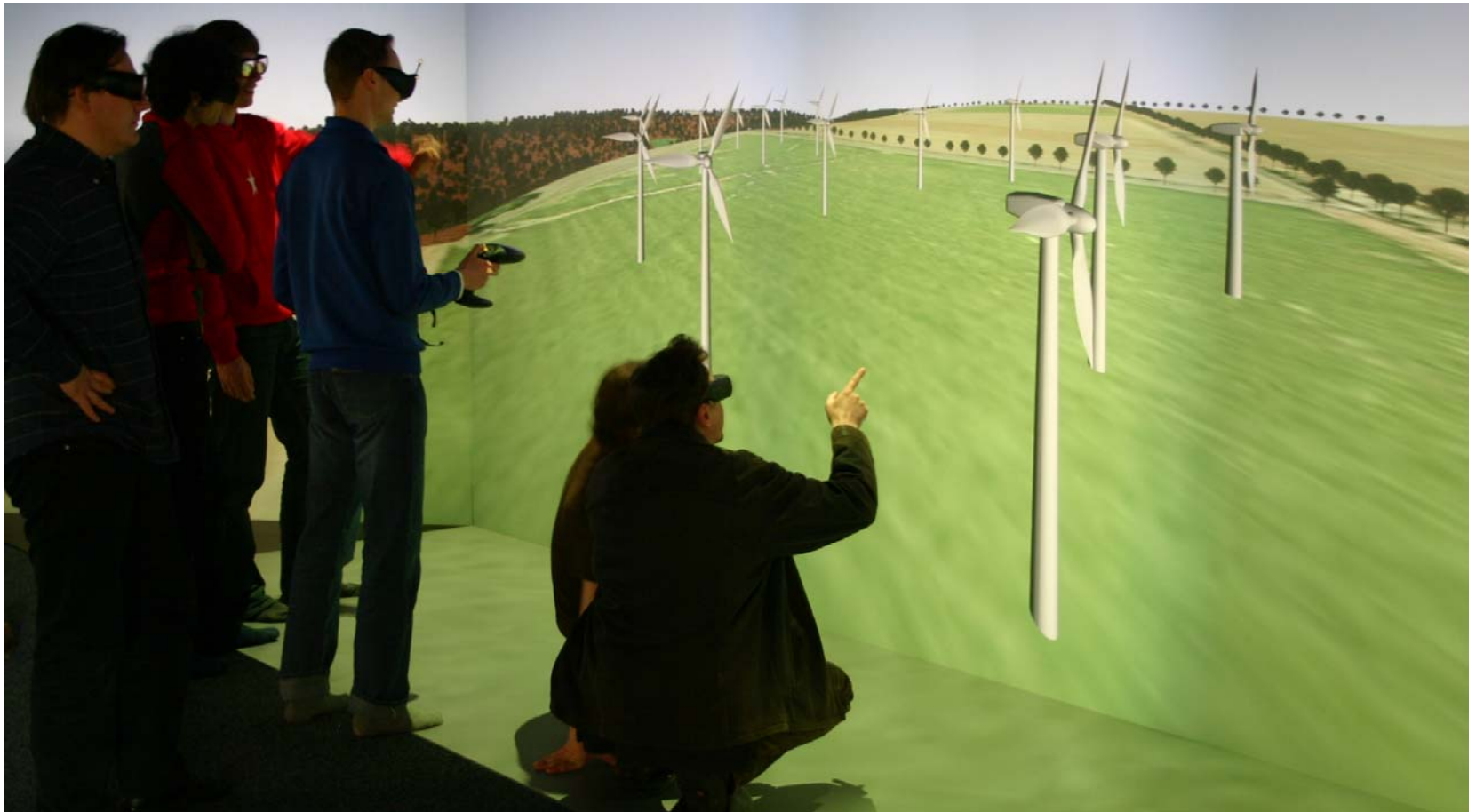
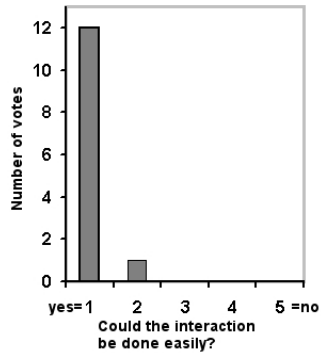


Foto: Olaf Kolditz

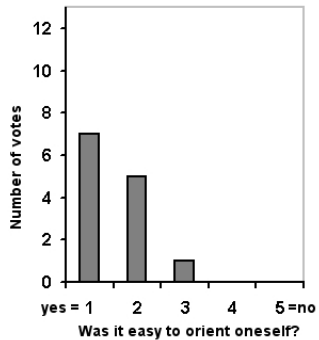
Presentation at Leipzig's regional science day

- Interactive experiment, carried out by the visitors
- Choice of different turbine types from a given set
 - Enercon E82, height: 121m, rated power: 2MW
 - Vestas V90, height: 150m, rated power: 3MW
 - Enercon E126, height: 202m, rated power: 6MW
- Users can plan a windpark at the given location
- Windpark must have a rated power of 18 MW

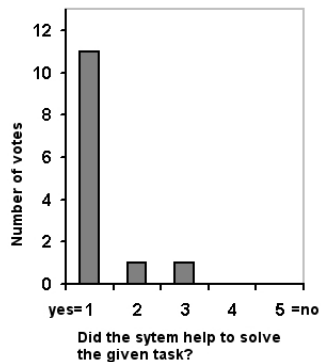
Presentation at Leipzig's regional science day



- Nearly all users found the interaction could be done easily

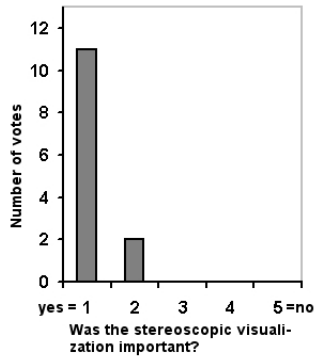


- Users found it fairly easy to orient oneself

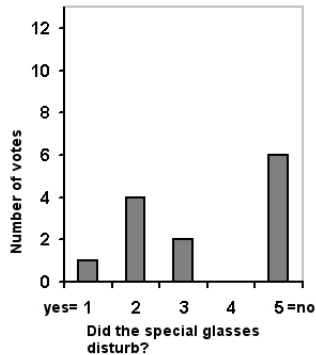


- Users found the systems helpful to solve the given task (planning a windpark with prescribed rated power)

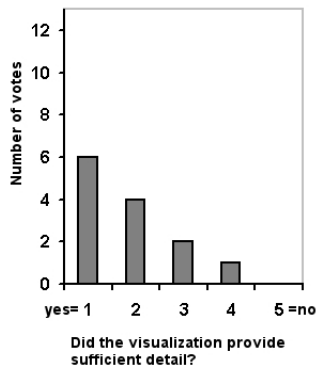
Presentation at Leipzig's regional science day



- Nearly all users found the stereoscopic visualization important



- even if more than half of them found the glasses at least somehow disturbing.



- More than half of them were at least missing some detail:
 - Sound
 - More detailed houses
 - More detailed green spaces

Presentation to a panel of people involved in planning processes

Active stereo



Pros:
Brighter image !
Better colors

Cons:
Less reliable for presentations, depends
On batteries and the sync signal, send via
infrared

The presenter can often not be aware if
unexperienced users have problems, e.g.
do not see stereo at all.

Passive stereo (Infitec)

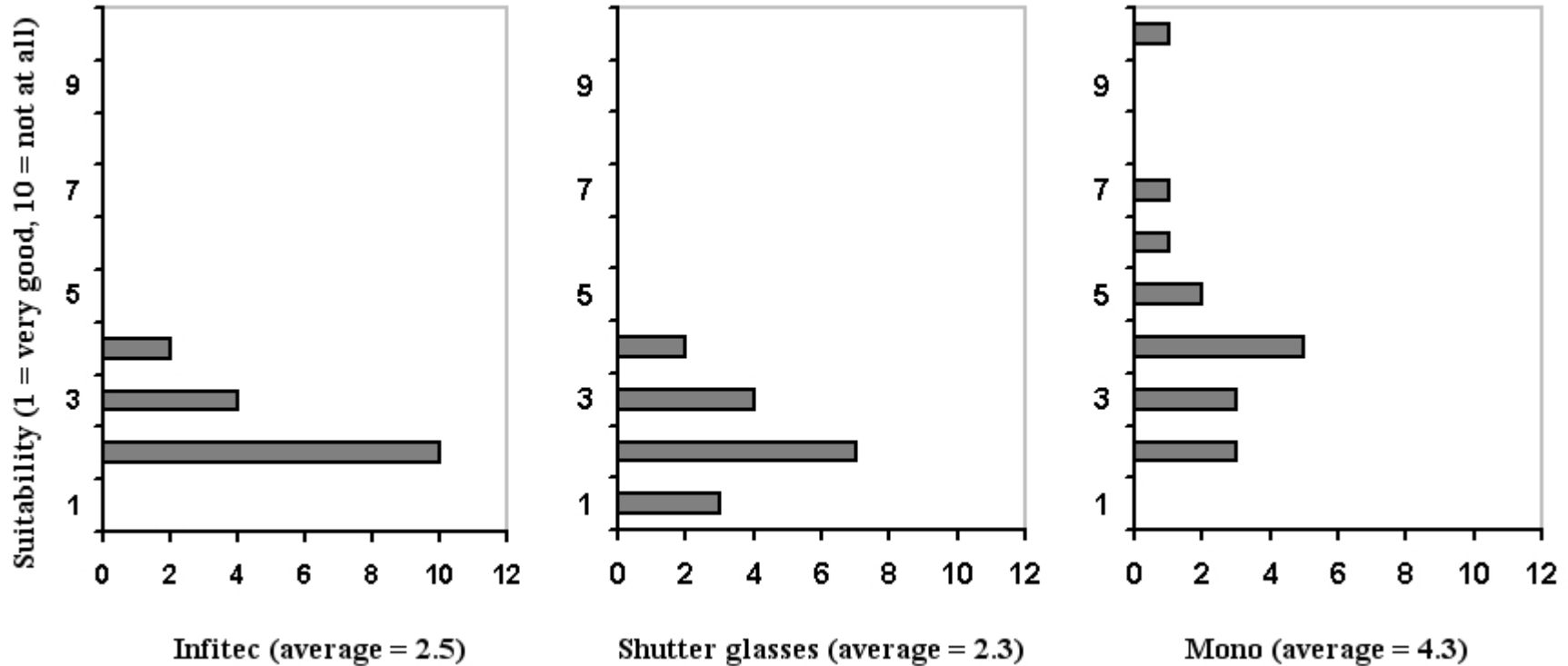


Pros:
Very reliable as not dependent on any externals,
good for presentations to unexperienced audience

Cons:
Darker image !

Different colors for left and right eye, this is not
perceived while looking at the display but can
be strange when looking at other persons or a
monitor

Presentation to a panel of people involved in planning processes



- All Persons valued one or the other form of stereo higher than mono
- Infitec and shutter glasses are nearly equal
- The advantage of stereo is only very little
- 4 out of 16 would choose mono because it is cheaper and easier to use