

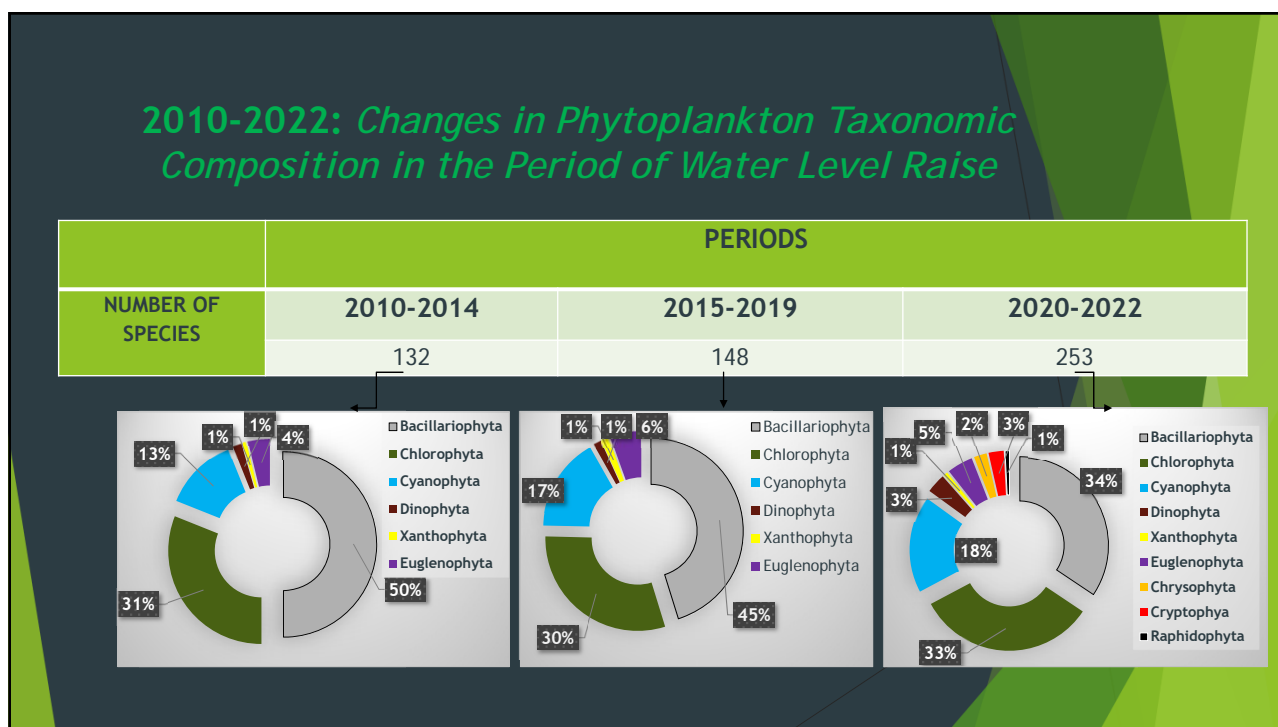
2020-2022: Biodiversity features

- ▶ Tendency in growth of the total number of phytoplankton community species;
- ▶ Species succession in almost all phytoplankton groups;
- ▶ Recording of a new algal phylum representatives in the phytoplankton community: **Raphidophyta**;
- ▶ Significant increase in the number of representatives of algal groups which were not typical of the lake community: **Euglenophyta, Cryptophyta, Dinophyta, Chrysophyta**.
- ▶ Essential contribution of "in-between" as well as of benthic, epiphyte forms in the quality structure of the lake phytoplankton community.

Cocconeis placentula

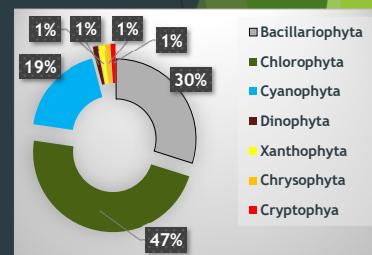
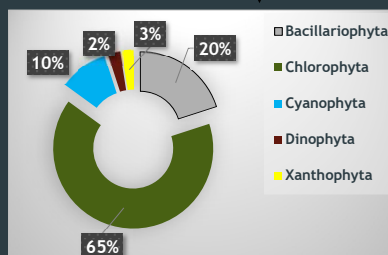
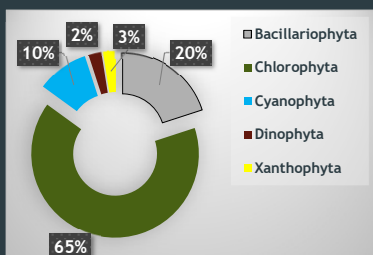
Stauroneis anceps

Epithemia turgida



1939-1981: Historical Review of Phytoplankton Biodiversity Variations

	PERIODS		
NUMBER OF SPECIES	1939-1947	1956-1958	1979-1981
	58	64	97



2020-2022: New Recordings

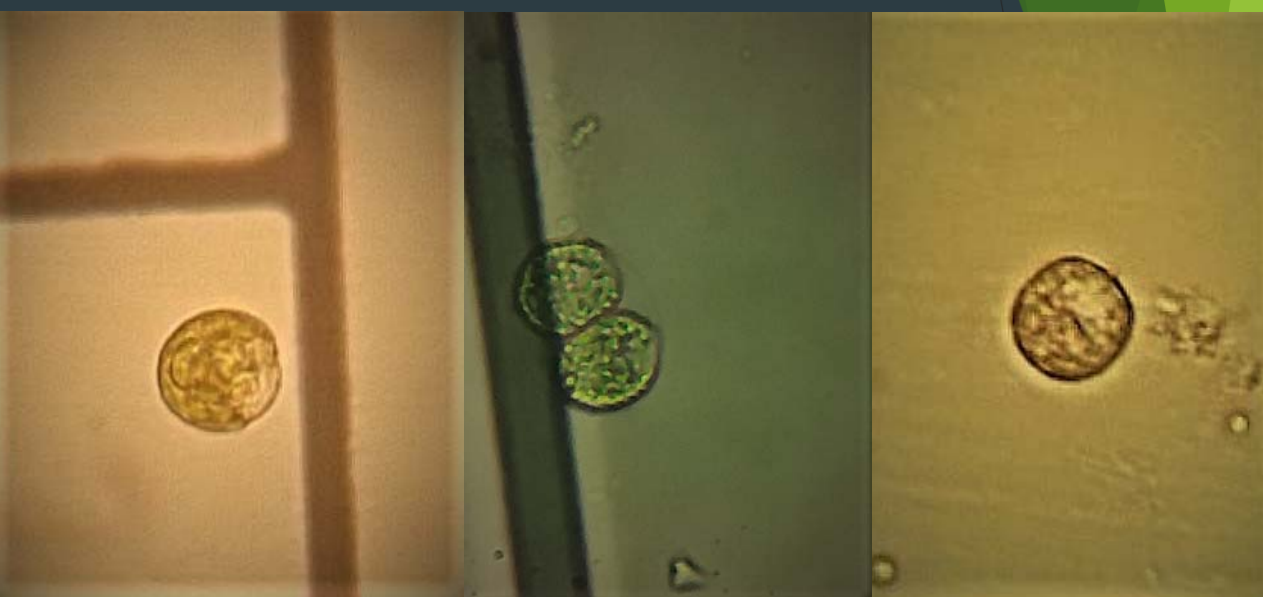
Phylum	New species	Before recorded in other biotopes of the lake
<i>Bacillariophyta</i>	8	7
<i>Chlorophyta</i>	30	9
<i>Cyanophyta</i>	12	9
<i>Euglenophyta</i>	6	4
<i>Cryptophyta</i>	6	5
<i>Chrysophyta</i>	6	2
<i>Dinophyta</i>	6	5
<i>Xanthophyta</i>	1	—
<i>Raphidophyta</i>	2	1



Ochromonas danica



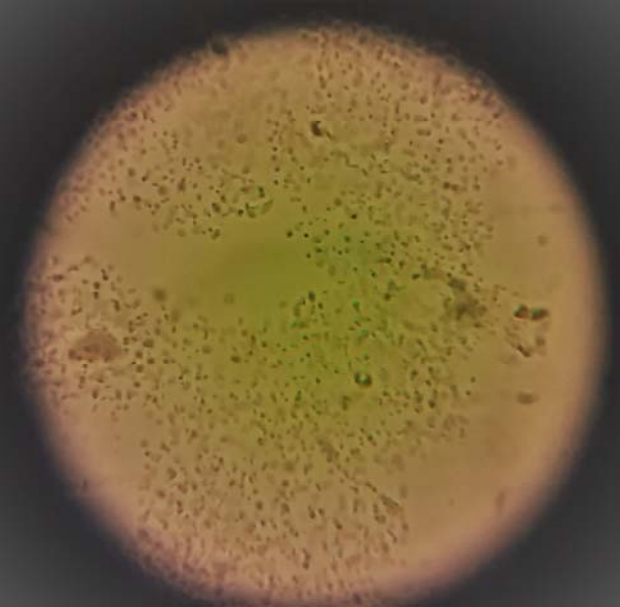
Carteria spp.



Aphanizomenon issatschenkoi



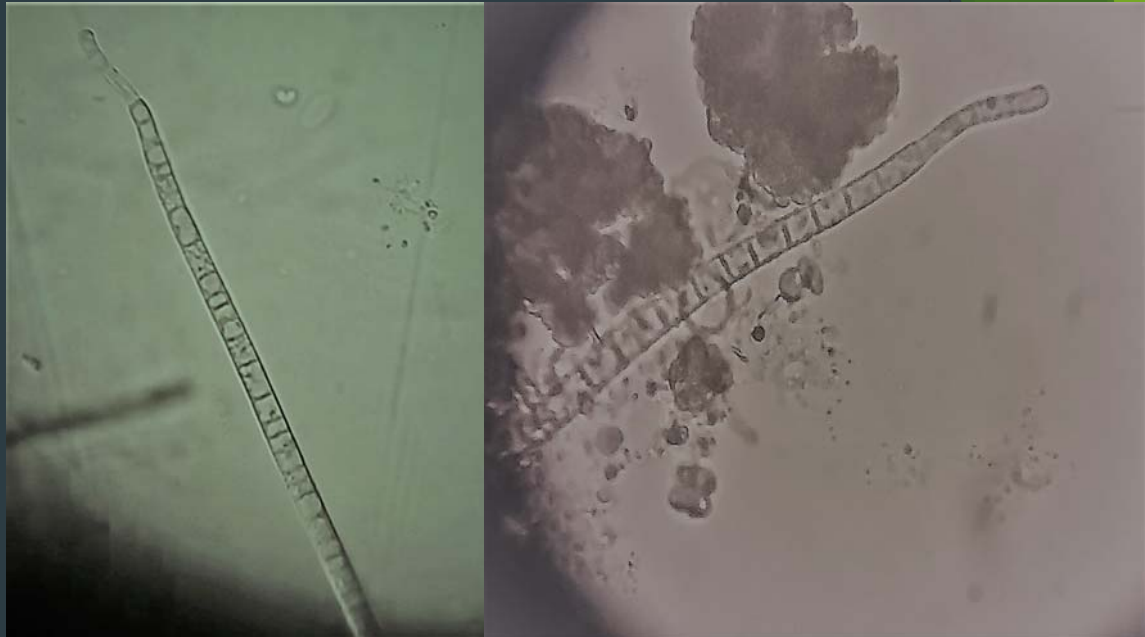
Aphanocapsa holsatica



Chroococcus turgidus



Oscillatoria tenuis



Vacuolaria sp.



Synura sp.



INDICATOR VALUES OF PHYTOPLANKTON COMMUNITY BY SEVERAL
PARAMETERS DURING THE PERIOD OF THE LAKE WATER
LEVEL RAISE

	2010-2014	2015-2019	2020-2022
HALOBICITY			
Oligohalobe-indifferents	69	66	89
Oligohalobe-halophiles	14	16	21
Oligohalobe-halophobes	5	4	7
Mesohalobes	7	6	2
Oligohalobes	2	2	2
Polyhalobes	0	1	0
Total	97 (73.5%)	95 (64%)	121 (48%)

INDICATOR VALUES OF PHYTOPLANKTON COMMUNITY BY SEVERAL
PARAMETERS DURING THE PERIOD OF THE LAKE WATER LEVEL RAISE

	2010-2014	2015-2019	2020-2022
SAPROBITY DEGREE			
Xenosaprobies	6	7	8
x-oligosaprobies	2	2	3
x-β-mesosaprobies	2	1	4
Oligosaprobies	9	11	16
o-xenosaprobies	4	4	6
o-α-mesosaprobies	7	4	19
o-β-mesosaprobies	14	16	24
β-mesosaprobies	25	28	50
β-o-mesosaprobies	12	12	21
β-α-mesosaprobies	7	8	9
α-β mesosaprobies	6	7	7
α-mesosaprobies	0	1	4
Polysaprobies	1	1	1
Total	95 (72%)	102 (69%)	172 (68%)

INDICATOR VALUES OF PHYTOPLANKTON COMMUNITY BY SEVERAL PARAMETERS DURING THE PERIOD OF THE LAKE WATER LEVEL RAISE

	2010-2014	2015-2019	2020-2022
ECOLOGO-GEOGRAPHICAL DISTRIBUTION			
Cosmopolitan	99	102	152
Arcto-alpine	2	2	2
Boreal	0	2	4
Holarctic	3	3	7
Holarctic, paleotropical	1	0	1
Alpine, Cosmopolitan	1	1	2
Total	106 (80.3%)	110 (74.3%)	168 (66.4%)
HABITAT / ECOLOGICAL ZONE			
Planktonic	32	33	57
Benthic	32	39	42
Planktonic-benthic	44	41	73
Benthic-soil	1	2	6
Planktonic-soil	0	1	0
Epiphytes	1	1	0
Planktonic-benthic, soil	1	1	6
Soil	0	1	0
Total	111 (84%)	119 (80.4%)	184 (72.7%)

2020-2022: Dominant Species

Species	Habitat	Halobicity	Distributio	Saprobity
<i>*Cyclotella meneghiniana</i>	P-B	hl	k	o-α
<i>*Stephanodiscus astra</i>	P	i	k	β
<i>Actinastrum hantzschii</i>	P-B	i	k	β
<i>Ankistrodesmus angustus</i>	P	i	k	-
<i>Ankyra spp.</i>	P	-	Ha	β
<i>*Binuclearia (Planctonema) lauterbornii</i>	-	-	-	-
<i>*Botryococcus braunii</i>	P-B	i	k	o-β
<i>*Carteria spp. (C. globosa + C. klebsii)</i>	P	-	-, k	α-β, β
<i>Dictyosphaerium ehrenbergianum</i>	P-B	-, i	Ha	o-β
<i>Chlamydomonas debaryana (Edaphochlamys debaryana)</i>	P	-	-	α
<i>Monoraphidium spp. (M. arcuatum + M. contortum)</i>	P-B	-	k	β
<i>Oocystis lacustris</i>	P-B	hl	k	β-o
<i>Sphaerocystis schroeteri</i>	P	i	k	β-o
<i>Westella botryoides</i>	P	-	k	β
<i>Aphanocapsa holsatica Lemm.</i>	P	i	k	o
<i>Aphanothece clathrata</i>	P	hl	k	β
<i>Aphanothece stagnina</i>	P-B	hl	k	β-α
<i>Aphanizomenon flos-aquae</i>	P	hl	k	β
<i>*Chroococcus turgidus</i>	P-B,S	hl	-	o
<i>*Dolichospermum (Anabaena) flos-aquae</i>	P	i	k	β
<i>*Trachelomonas hispida</i>	P-B	i	k	β
<i>*Ochromonas danica</i>	-	-	-	-
<i>Chromonas acuta</i>	P	i	k	β

Stephanodiscus astra

Dolichospermum flos-aquae

Chlamydomonas debaryana

Chromonas acuta

- dominance by biomass

P – planktonic
P-B – planktonic-benthic
P-B, S – planktonic-benthic, soil
hl – oligohalobe-indifferent
i – oligohalobe-halophile
k – cosmopolitan
Ha – Holarctic

o-α – mesosaprobe
β – mesosaprobe
α-β – mesosaprobe
β-o – mesosaprobe
β-α – mesosaprobe

2020-2022: Annual Variations of Algal Species

Year / Species	2020	2021	2022
<i>Chlamydomonas debaryana</i>	-	+	+
<i>Scenedesmus disciformis</i>	+	-	-
<i>Pleurocapsa sp.</i>	+	-	+
<i>Haplasiphon hibernicus</i>	+	-	-
<i>Chamaesiphon incrustans</i>	+	-	-
<i>Chroococcus turgidus</i>	-	+	+
<i>Aphanizomenon issatchenkoi</i>	+	-	-
<i>Lepocynclis sp.</i>	-	+	+
<i>Cryptoglana pigra</i>	-	+	+
<i>Cystodinium sp.</i>	-	+	+
<i>Chrysococcus rufescens</i>	-	-	+
<i>Chrysamoeba sp.</i>	-	+	-
<i>Cryptomonas marssonii</i>	-	-	+
<i>Cryptomonas spp.</i>	-	+	+
<i>Chroomonas spp.</i>	-	+	+
<i>Carteria spp.</i>	-	+	+
<i>Botrydiopsis arrhyza</i>	+	+	-...



SEM MAG: 1.51 kx
 HV: 15.0 kV
 VAC: HiVac
 DET: BSE Detector
 DATE: 07/23/04
 Device: T85130MM
 50 µm
 Vega ©Tescan
 IPR,Armenia



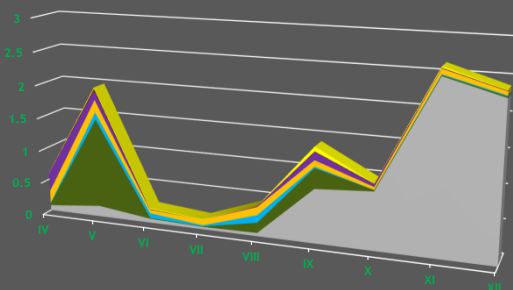
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 VAC: HiVac
 DET: BSE Detector
 DATE: 07/23/04
 Device: T85130MM
 20 µm
 Vega ©Tescan
 IPR,Armenia

2020-2022: Quantitative Development of Phytoplankton Community

- ▶ In annual dynamics, maximum development occurs in the autumn-winter period;
- ▶ A change in the dominant complex occurred due to the massive development of the diatom species *Cyclotella meneghiniana*, which is unusual for the pelagic zone of the lake;
- ▶ On an annual basis, there is a tendency for the quantitative prevalence of diatoms;
- ▶ There is a trend towards an increase in the annual biomass value of the phytoplankton community compared to recent years (starting from 2011);
- ▶ There are annual blooms with cyanobacterial species that are indicators of eutrophication.

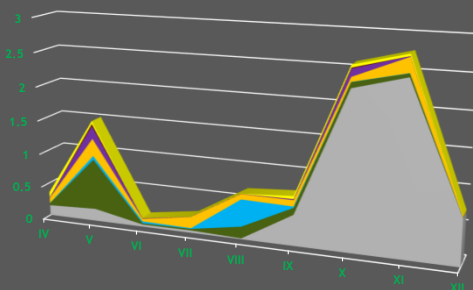
2020-2022: Annual Dynamics of the Phytoplankton Biomass

2020 Big Sevan



■ Bacillariophyta
 ■ Chlorophyta
 ■ Cyanophyta
 ■ Chrysophyta
 ■ Euglenophyta
 ■ Dinophyta
 ■ Cryptophyta
 ■ Xantophyta

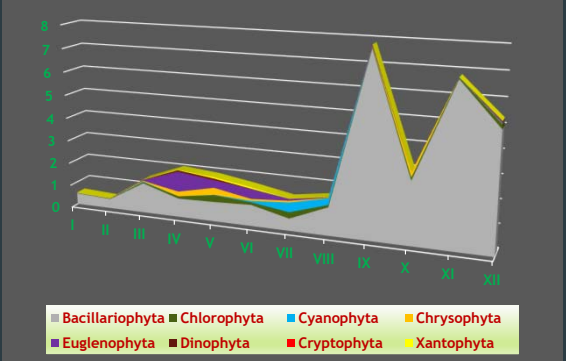
2020 Small Sevan



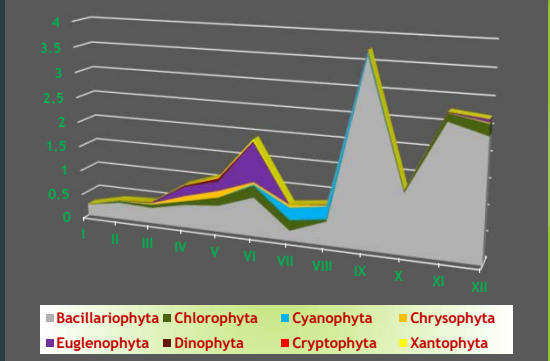
■ Bacillariophyta
 ■ Chlorophyta
 ■ Cyanophyta
 ■ Chrysophyta
 ■ Euglenophyta
 ■ Dinophyta
 ■ Cryptophyta
 ■ Xantophyta

2020-2022: Annual Dynamics of the Phytoplankton Biomass

2021 Big Sevan

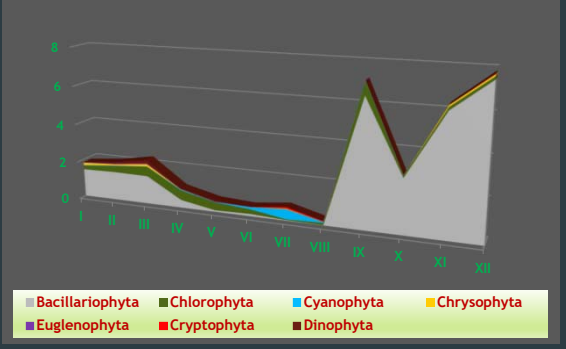


2021 Small Sevan

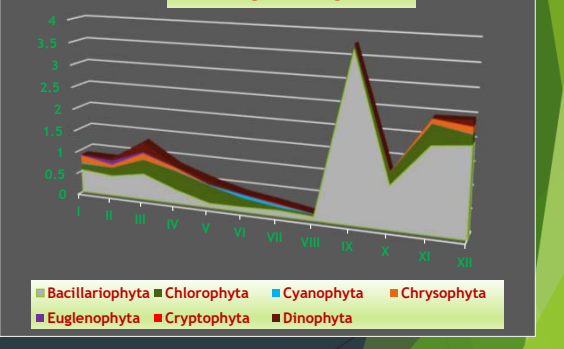


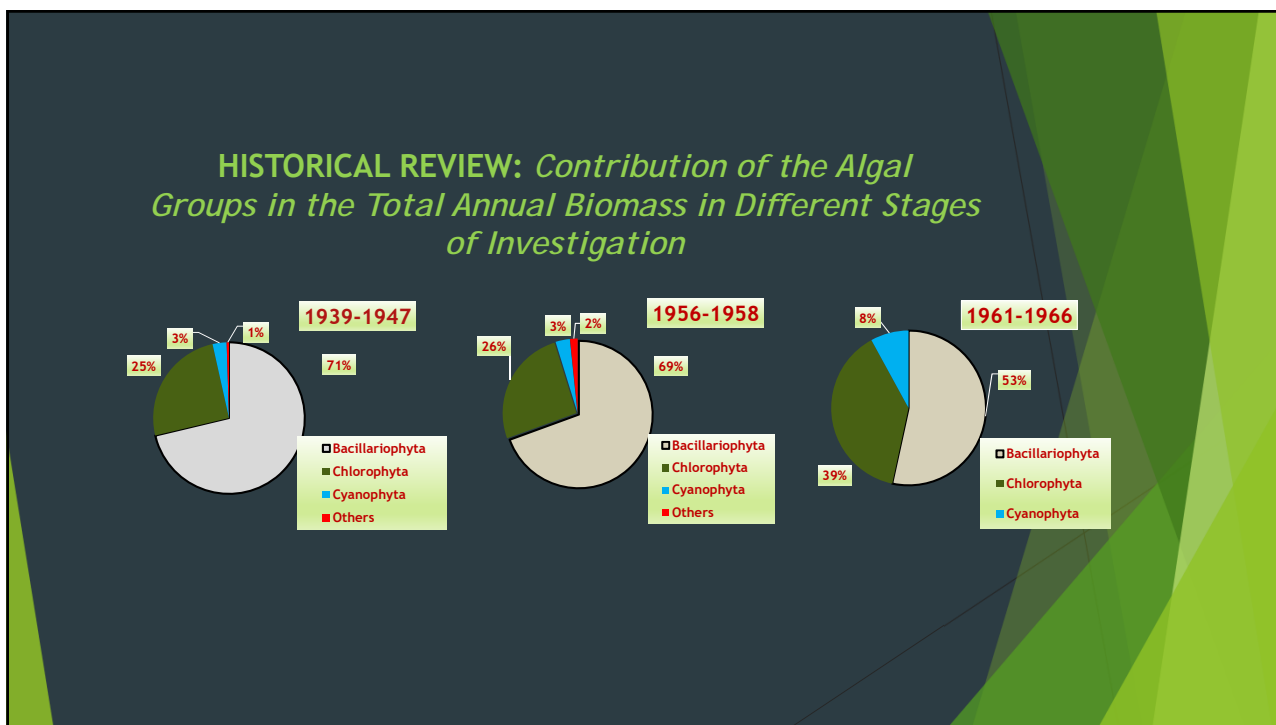
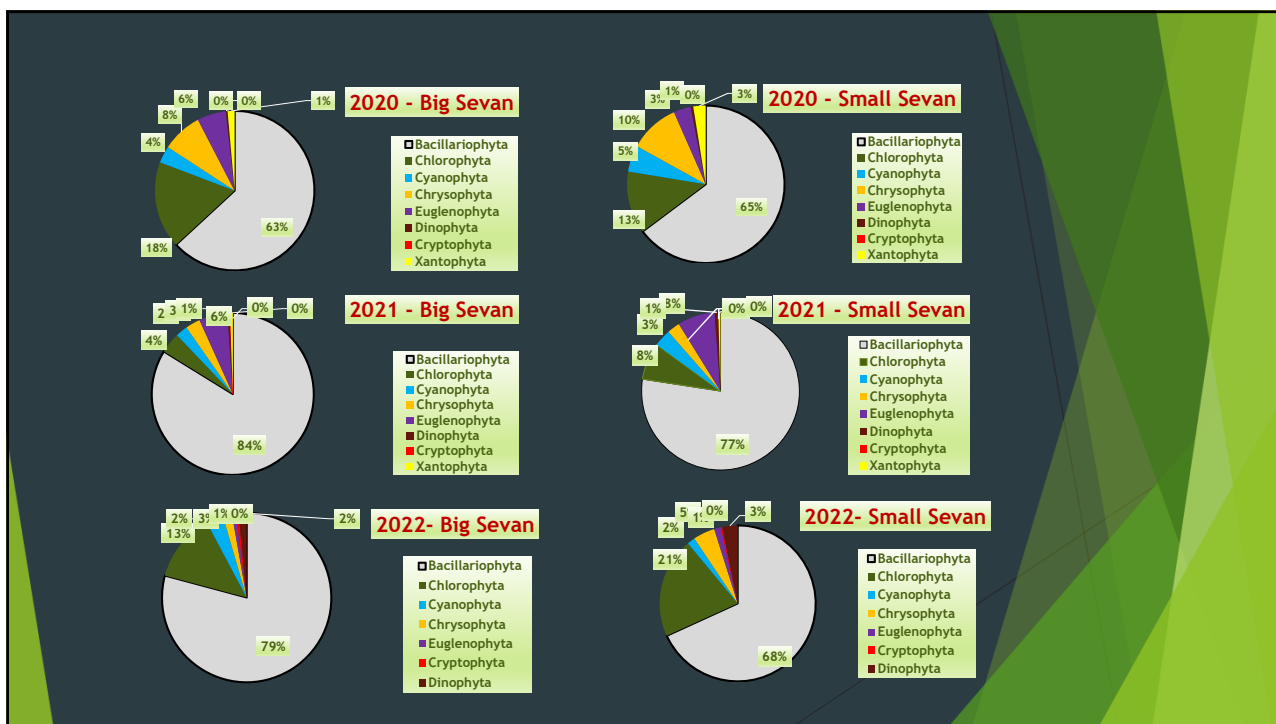
2020-2022: Annual Dynamics of the Phytoplankton Biomass

2022 Big Sevan

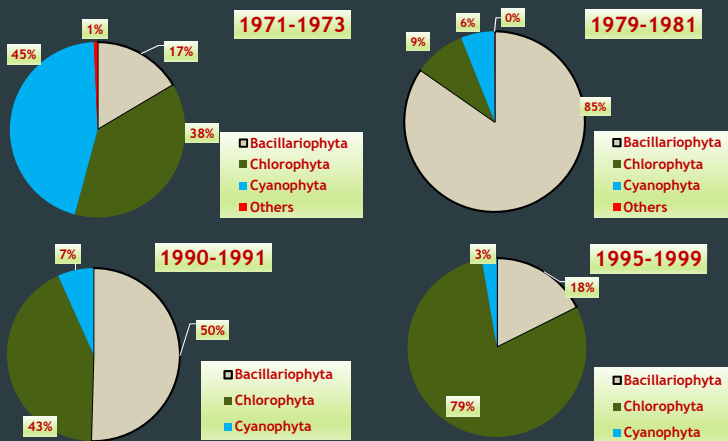


2022 Small Sevan

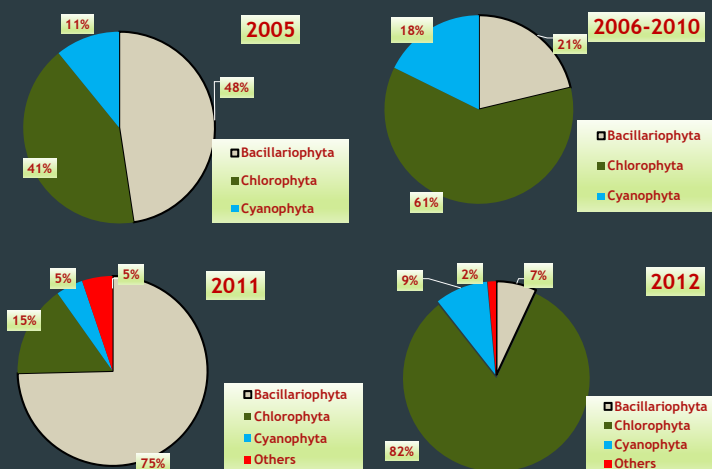




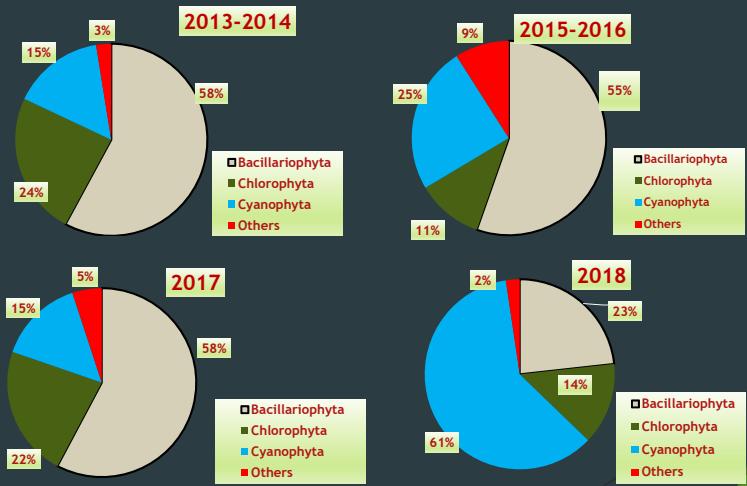
HISTORICAL REVIEW: Contribution of the Algal Groups in the Total Annual Biomass in Different Stages of Investigation



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DYNAMICS OF BIOMASS OF THE PHYTOPLANKTON OF LAKE SEVAN DURING DIFFERENT PERIODS OF INVESTIGATION



2020-2022: Water Bloom with Cyanobacteria

Became annually repeating phenomenon !!!

WATER BLOOM WITH CYANOBACTERIA:
Historical Review

Year	Species
1964-1972	<i>Dolichospermum (Anabaena) spp.</i> (<i>D. flos-aquae</i> + <i>D. lemmermanii</i>)
1974-1976	<i>Aphanizomenon flos-aquae</i>
2006	<i>Aphanizomenon flos-aquae</i>
2016 till present	<i>Dolichospermum spp.</i>

Dolichospermum flos-aquae



Dolichospermum spp. and *Aphanizomenon flos-aquae*
in Big Sevan in August, 2022 after intensive boom with *D. flos-aquae*



